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W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
No. 109, below Twelfth,
July 23, '57-1y.
GALVANIC
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Lewisburg Chronicle.
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ALLACE,—
ILL STONE MILL FUR-
NG ESTABLISHMENT,
Corner of Ross & Fifth sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
manufacturing Mills generally on
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old and new stock, of my
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and Regulating Screws,
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ITTSBURGH, June 25, 1852.
Sir:—We have now in use
ut Mechines; they work
durable, not liable to get
the best machines now
ILMBATH & NOBLE.
W. W. WALLACE.
Corner of Ross & Fifth sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Corner of Ross & Fifth sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
VES.—THE
from Phila-
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Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & ALLISON, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 3. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1858. NO. 3.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & ALLISON, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1.50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Nine lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (9 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two " (18 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

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One square,	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
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Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

Wit & Humor.

TAKE THE PAPERS.

Why don't you take the papers?
They're the "life of my delight,"
Except about election time,
And then I read for spite.

Subscribe, you cannot lose a cent—
Why should you be afraid?
For cash thus paid is money lent
On interest fourfold paid.

* * * * *

An old newspaper friend of mine,
While dying from a cough,
Desired to hear the latest news.
While he was going off.

I took the paper, and I read,
Of some new pills in force:
He bought a box—and is he dead?
No—hearty as a horse.

I knew a printer's debtor once,
Wrecked with a scorching fever,
Who swore to pay her bill next day,
If her distress would leave her.

Next morning she was—at her word—
Divested of her pain,
But did forget to pay her debt,
Till taken down again.

"Here Jessie, take these silver wheels,
Go, pay the printer now!"
She spoke, she slept, and then awoke
With health upon her brow.

I knew two men as much alike
As e'er you saw two stumps,
And no phrenologist could find
A difference in their bumps.

One took the papers, and his life
Is happier than a king's;
His children all can read and write,
And talk of men and things.

The other took no papers, and
While strolling through the wood,
A tree fell down upon his crown.
And killed him—"very good."

Had he been reading of his news,
At home like neighbor Jim,
I'll bet a cent that accident
Would not have happened him.

Why don't you take a paper?"
Nor from the printer sneak,
Because you borrow of his boy
A paper every week.

For he who takes the papers,
And pays his bills when due.
Can live in peace with God and man,
And with the printer too.

N. P. WILLIS.

QUAINT INSCRIPTION.—There is an inscription on a tombstone at La Point, Lake Superior, which reads as follows:

"John Smith, accidentally shot us a mark of affection by his brother."

This, says the *North Carolinian*, reminds us of one on a tombstone near San Diego, which runs as follows:

"This yere sakrid to the memory of William Henry Skraken, who came to his deth by bein shot with colt's revolver—one of the old kind, brass mounted and of such is the kingdom of heaven."

☞ Our old friend Bangs was invited by a friend to his house to partake of a julep, of which he was very fond. It was handed to him in a silver goblet lined with gold. After sipping a portion, B. turned to his host, and remarked that it was astonishing what an addition a strawberry gave to the flavor of a julep. His friend replied that he was very sorry that he did not have a strawberry to put in it.

"But," said B., "there is certainly one in this."

Upon his host's asserting the contrary, he insisted that he saw it distinctly, and drained the goblet to get the berry—when, lo, and behold, he found that it was only the reflection of his own nose!

☞ In Great Britain the financial affairs are rapidly improving.

Select Miscellany.

A Bargain by Arithmetical Progression.

While engaged in the tobacco and cigar business, I used to have for a customer in cheap cigs, one of those knowing fellows whose knowledge serves better to bore his victims to advance science. You could not make him believe that—oh no! Tell him there were regalia cigars that cost forty dollars per thousand! it might do to stuff down the throat of one of them that knew no better; he was none of them.—And so was with everything, he always knew best. It always appeared to be his delight to draw me into some controversy, no matter what the subject was, to hear himself talk forth. I tried every way I could think of to circumvent him, and at length I did succeed in laying him out as flat as a flounder.

It was Saturday afternoon he came in, made his purchase, and seated himself to deal out his usual potion; but I was awake for him.

"Captain," said I, "I have made up my mind to go to California, and if you wish to go in a speculation, now is your time."

"Agreed," said he.

"Well, you see these fifteen boxes of cigars, with there are two hundred and fifty in each box, and I will let you have the whole dozen at a low rate, providing you take them all."

"Very well," said my friend, "let us hear the conditions."

"You give me one cent for the first box, two cents for the second, four cents for the third, and so on, doubling on every box."

"Done," said he, "fetch on your cigars. Suppose you think I have not got money enough—eh?"

"Not at all, so let us proceed. Here is your first box."

He drew from his pocket a leathern purse and out of it a handful of coin.

"Well here is your cent," said he, depositing a green discolored copper on the counter.

"Here is your second box."

"Here is your two cents."

"Very well, here is your third box."

"And here is your four cents," said he chuckling.

"Here is your fourth box."

"Exactly. And here is your eight cents! ha! ha! old fellow go on."

"Here is your fifth box," said I, handing down another.

"And here is your sixteen cents."

"Here is your sixth box."

"And—ha! ha! ha! here is your thirty-two cents."

"Here is your seventh box."

"And here—ha! ha! the joke is getting too rich—here is your sixty-four cents, an half your cigars are gone."

"Here is your eighth box," said I assuming a cold indifference that perfectly surprised the fellow.

"And here is your dollar and twenty-eight cents."

"Here is your ninth box."

"Here is your—let me see—ah! two dollars and fifty-six cents."

"Here is your tenth box."

He drew his wallet thoughtfully, and on the slate made a small calculation.

"And here is your five dollars and twelve cents."

"Here is your eleventh box."

"And here is your—twice five is ten, twice twelve is twenty-four—ten dollars and twenty-four cents."

At this stage of the game he had got quite docile, and I continued—

"Here is your twelfth box: hand over twenty dollars and forty-eight cents."

Here the globules of perspiration, large as marrow-fat peas, stood out in bold relief on his face, but at length he doled out the sum.

"Here is your thirteenth box: pile out forty dollars and ninety-six cents."

"If I do, I shall, but I will not." With that he left, and I have never been able to get near him since.

Letter from A Pickpocket to his Victim.

Dr. C. H. ROBERTS, of Poughkeepsie, visited New York a few days ago, and spent an evening at the Academy of Music. While there he had his pocket picked of a wallet containing forty or fifty dollars in bank bills and some papers. After returning home he received from the pickpocket the following letter, which he handed over to the Poughkeepsie *Eagle* for publication:

NEW YORK, January 6th, 1858.

Dr. Charles H. Roberts—Dear Sir: I had the pleasure of relieving you of your pocket book on the 2d, in a crowd at the Academy of Music. I presume you soon became aware of your dispossession, and have perhaps had some anxiety as to the application of the funds it contained. You have my assurance that they have fallen into appreciative hands, and that every cent will be applied in gratifying the tastes and fancies of a fellow being whose ambition soars higher than his calling. You need not flatter yourself with the idea that you have my acquaintance because I favor you with my correspondence; no, Doctor, divest yourself of that ambition.

I write you in accordance with the law of honor among thieves, and to do you the justice of returning to you the enclosed pieces of paper which are of value to you and worthless to me—one being a note payable to your order, and the other a formula for making teeth—neither of which can ever be available to me, as my present employment probably pays better, and is a business more pleasing to my taste. From the date of the note I concluded that you had been in town for several days, which may account for the lightness of your purse. Now, doctor, a proper respect for gentlemen of my calling should never allow your purse to become so low; it is hardly up to the average of usual collections.

Then I have reason to protest against gentlemen of your standing carrying uncurrent money. It is under serious consideration to return to you the $5 on the Morris County Bank, New Jersey, which I find at considerable discount; the six fives on the Poughkeepsie banks go current, and the few smallest bills can be easily disposed of by a person of my habits. From the name and recipe which I found in the pocket-book, I conclude that you are the well known dentist who not long since did me much service in your line of business, while pursuing my avocation in Poughkeepsie.

Now, doctor, don't consider it New York hospitality to extract purses in return for extracting teeth, but remember that all have to do something for a living. You were following your avocation on me, and I was only doing the same on you when you visited our city—and this case affords a fair example of the comparative profits of your business. You spent much time and received a small fee; mine was an operation of a moment. When I consider this difference, and the gentle manner with which you attended to me, I am quite inclined to return your purse and its contents, but that would be unprofessional, and beside, would involve a loss of time on my part, for such crowds do not occur every day even in New York; but be assured that, had I recognised you, I would have spent the time appropriated to you upon some person.

The only reason I can ascribe for not remembering you is, I presume, that when you come to the city you dress up in your best, and look very different than when attending to your business at home. This little lesson may be of service to you, and learn you that pocket-books are not safe in crowds; and if you are ever caught in one again, let your vigilance be directed to your purse in proportion to its dimensions.

Yours, INCOG.

A Barker Meets With a Biter.

Mr. Aaron Lagg, an accomplished "barker," was yesterday standing at the door of his employer's clothing store, in South street, making the air vocal with importunate appeals to the personal vanity of all who happened to pass by, when he perceived a middle-aged individual in very slovenly attire, and with a very tall-crowned white hat, standing as if absorbed in admiration of Mr. Lagg's eloquence. Aaron immediately insisted on the stranger's entering the store, and placing a hand on his shoulder, conducted him in, without meeting with the slightest resistance.

"Shall I show you some splendid pantaloons, or a magnificent vest or coat?" blandly inquired Mr. Aaron Lagg.

"Whichever you choose;—its all the same to me," carelessly replied the other.

Pleased with the tractable disposition of his customer, Aaron produced an overcoat, decorated with a double row of huge bone buttons, and made of a material much resembling blue baize.

"Here," said he, "is the very last Paris style; look at that, Mr. Smith."

"John Granby is my name," quietly observed the stranger.

"Well, Mr. Granby, you cannot have any objection to such a coat as that at nine dollars."

"Oh no, I haven't the least objection against it," said Mr. G.

"Very well," continued Lagg; "you'll want a handsome vest, fit to wear with such a coat. Something like this."

Here he produced a sky-blue vest, covered with red devices, which looked like a congregation of comets "brandishing their fiery tresses in the heavens."

"Here's a neat thing," observed Mr. Lagg.

"So it is," assented Granby.

He heard the price of the article with great complacency, and when Lagg said, "You'll take that, I suppose," he promptly answered, "Oh! yes, certainly, if you say so." A pair of inexpressibles, rather too gay for Scotch plaid, was next exhibited, and Mr. Granby admitted that he was in want of such an article, coinciding likewise that the price affixed to the garment was "quite reasonable." The delighted Lagg summed up the bill and named the amount.

"Why, you don't think I'm going to *buy* them!" asked Granby, as if in astonishment.

"Of course—what else?" demanded Lagg, perfectly aghast.

"Why," coolly returned G., "you said that you charged nothing for examining the clothes, and as I had nothing to do, I thought I'd take a squint at them."

"But you said you were in want of a pair of pants."

'And who says I ain't? Look at these. Twigg them patches. But curse the cent I've got to buy any more with.'

Here the mortified Lagg ordered G. out of the store, and the latter very meekly and respectfully took leave; but soon after his departure, Aaron's mortification was redoubled on discovering that the customer had gone off with the brilliant vest and dazzling pantaloons stuffed away under his loose monkey-jacket, which had doubtless been contrived for such purposes.—Lagg entered a complaint at the police office, but the thief has not yet been arrested.—*Press.*

The Fair Incendiary.

It is now about forty years, since a young lady, the only daughter of an ancient and noble house in the north of Germany, from having been one of the most cheerful girls, became subject to fits of the deepest melancholy. All the entreaties of her parents were insufficient to draw from her the reason of it—to their affection she was quite cold, to their caresses rude; and though society failed to enliven her, she bore her part in it with a power and venom of sarcasm that were as strange to her former charetar as they were unbecoming her sex and youth. The parents contrived, during her temporary absence from home, to investigate the contents of her writing desk; but no indications of a concealed or disappointed passion were to be found, and it was equally clear that no papers had been removed.—The first news they heard of her was, that the house in which she had been visiting had been burnt to the ground, that she had been saved with difficulty, though her room was not in that part of the building where the fire had commenced; that her escape at first had been taken for granted, and that when her door was burst open, she was found still dressed, and seated in her usual melancholy attitude, with her eyes fixed on the floor. She returned home neither altered nor changed in demeanor, and as painfully brilliant in conversation when forced into it. Within two months of her return the house was burnt to the ground, and her mother perished in the flames. She was again found in the same state as on the former occasion, suffered herself to be led away without eagerness or resistance, did not alter her deportment upon hearing of the fate of her mother, made no attempt to console her father, and replied to the condolence of her friends with a bitterness and scorn almost demonical. The father and daughter removed to a Spa for a change of scene.—On the night of her arrival the hotel was in flames; but this time the fire began in her appartment, for from her window where the sparks first seen to issue; and again she was found dressed, seated, and is a reverie. The hotel was the property of the sovereign of the little state in which the Spa was situated. An investigation took place; she was arrested, and at once confessed that on each of the three occasions she was the culprit; that she could not tell wherefore, except that she had an irresistible longing to set houses on fire.—Each time she had striven against it as long as she could, and was unable to withstand the temptation; but this longing first supervened a few weeks after she had been seized with a sudden depression of spirits; that she felt a hatred to all the world, but had strength to refrain from oaths and curses against it. She is at this moment in a madhouse, where she is allowed some liberty. She still possesses her memory, her reasoning powers, and her petulent wit.

Red or White.

The new fangled red petticoat, which it is said is about to become the rage on this, as well as on the other side of the Atlantic, gives occasion to Dr. Mackay for the following delicately but respectfully worded protest. We imagine, however, that it is more a matter of fashion than of taste, and that the ladies must be allowed to settle it their own way. We doubt whether the poet's arguments in favor the "white as pure as drifted snow," would hold good, at least in this, at present, filthy city.

Oh, the red, the flaunting petticoat,
That courts the eye of day,
That loves to flame and be admired,
And blinks from far away;
It may delight the roving sight,
And charm the fancy free;
But, if its wearer's half as bold,
I'll pass and let her be;
With her red, her flaunting petticoat,
She's not the girl for me!

But the white, the modest petticoat,
As pure as drifted snow,
That shuns the gaze in crowded ways
Where follies come and go;
It stirs the primrose on its path,
Or daisy on the lea;
And if the wearer's like the garb,
How beautiful is she!
With her white, her modest petticoat,
Oh, she's the girl for me!

SHARP—DOW, Jr.—He says that the reason why man was made after everything else, was, that, had he been created first, he would have annoyed the Almighty with endless suggestions.

An Arkansas Father's Advice to his Son.

Bob, you are about leaving home for strange parts. You're going to throw me out of the game, and go it alone. The odds is again you, Bob, but remember always that industry and perseverance are the winning cards; they are the "bowers." Book larning and all that sort of thing will do to fill up with, like, small trumps, but you must have the bowers to back 'em, else they ain't worth shooks. If luck runs agin you pretty strong, don't cave in and look like a sick chicken on a rainy day, but hold your head up, and make believe you are flush of trumps. They won't play so hard agin you. I've lived and traveled around some, Bob, and I've found out as soon as folks thought you held a weak hand, they'd all back again you strong. So, when you're sorter weak, keep on a bold front, but play cautious. Be satisfied with a p'int. Many's the hand I've seen euchred 'cause they played for too much. Keep your eyes well skinned, Bob; don't let 'em "nig" you. Recollect the game lays as much with the head as with the hand.

Be temperate; never get drunk, for then no matter how good your hand, you won't know how to play it; both bowers and the ace won't save you, for there's sartin to be a "miss deal" or something wrong. And another thing, Bob (this was spoken in a low tone) don't go too much on the women; queens is kinder poor cards; the more you have of 'em, the worse for you; might have three, and nary a trump. I don't say discard 'em all if you get hold of one that's a trump, it's all good, and there's sartin to be one out of four. And above all, Bob, be honest; never take a man's trick wot don't belong to you, nor "slip" cards, or "nig," for then you can't look your man in the face, and when that's the case, there's no fun in the game; its regular "cut throat." So now, Bob, farewell; remember wot I tell you, and you'll be sure to win, and if you don't sarves you right if you get "skunked."

An Irish Manner of Stopping a Hole.

Our folks' have got a Biddy of the veritablest kind. She is a queer duck, and as good-natured as a "basket of chips." Well, last Sunday, as we were sitting down to dinner, we found the old cat, with three young grimalkins, largely engaged in the nursery business, under the table.

"Biddy," said we, 'take this cat and her kittens, and put them where we shall never see them more." A hint of dreadful import, but not understood.

"Faith, sir, and that I will."

The feline family were removed, and we proceeded to dine. By and by Biddy re-entered, with an expression on her face that seemed to say, guess they're in safe keeping now!"

"Well, Biddy, what have you done with the old cat and her kittens?"

"Be-gor sir, they're safe, though, sure, D'ye mind the wood house forninst the stable? Well, I put them all in there, and fastenned the door and windies Then, seeing there was a hole beneath where they might get out, and I stopped that up too, and so ye see, they won't trouble you any more."

We were satisfied "av coorse," and we ate our dinner in peace; afterwards we walked into the yard, when we saw the 'dintical' old cat and her kittens at perfect liberty. Calling Biddy, we said:

"Did you not say you fastened that cat in the wood house?"

"Faith, an' I did, sir."

"And stopped the hole?"

"Yes, sir."

Well she had, that's a fact; but what do you suppose she had stopped the hole with? She had stuck a section of *stove pipe* into it! And there sat one of the little imps in the mouth of it, just as it had crawled out, licking its paws.

TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF A SPORTSMAN.—The following remarkable narrative is from the the St. Anthony, Minnesota, *News* of the 6th ult:—'A German named Walter, who formerly lived in Troy, N. Y., while following a deer a few days ago, in the vicinity of Platte River, got lost in the woods, and was unable to retrace his steps. During his absence he suffered much from the intense cold. His gun got wet, and he could neither kill game nor build a fire to warm him. At the end of three days, his hunger becoming desperate, he killed his faithful dog, and ate a portion of him—of course without any of the appliances of cookery. He threaded the heart and liver upon a string around his neck, and devoured them the next day to keep himself from starving. When he had wandered four days and five nights, he was discovered sitting on the bank of a lake, his food all consumed, and himself resigned to die. He was conveyed to a cabin, food was given him, and his boots were cut off from his frozen feet, but for want of proper attention mortification ensued, and extended nearly to the ankle joint. He was then brought to this city, where both his legs were amputated at the ankles. He lies in a precarious state and it is thought he cannot survive.'

The Secret of Longevity.

The means known, so far, of promoting longevity, have been usually concentrated in short, pithy sayings, as, 'Keep your head cool, and your feet warm,' 'work much, and eat little,' &c., just as if the whole science of human life could be summed up and brought out in a few words, while its greatest principles were kept out of sight. One of the best of these sayings is given by an Italian in his 116th year, who, being asked the means of his living so long, replied with that improvisation for which his country is remarkable:

"When hungry of the best I eat,
And dry and warm I keep my feet;
I screen my head from sun and rain,
And let few cares perplex my brain."

The following is about the best theory of the matter: Every man is born with a certain stock of vitality, which cannot be increased, but may be husbanded. With this stock he may live fast or slow—may live extensively or intensively—may draw his little amount of life over a large space, or narrow it into a concentrated one; but when his stock is exhausted, he has no more. He who lives extensively—who drinks pure water, avoids inflamatory diseases, exercises sufficiently, but not too laboriously, indulges no exhausting passions, feeds on no exciting material, pursues, no exciting material, pursues no debilitating pleasures, avoids all laborious and protracted study, preserves an easy mind, and thus husbands his quantum of vitality—will live considerably longer than he otherwise would do, because he lives slow; while he, on the other hand, who lives intensively—who beverages himself on liquors and wines, exposes himself to inflamatory diseases, or causes that produce them, labors beyond his strength, visits exciting scenes, and indulges exhausting passions, lives on stimulating and highly-seasoned food—is always debilitated his pleasure.

A Bargain.

'I reckon I couldn't drive a trade with you to-day, squire?' said a genuine specimen of a Yankee pedlar as he stood at the door of a merchant in St. Louis.

'I reckon you calculate about right for you can't' was the sneering reply of the merchant.

'Well I guess you needn't get huffy 'bout it. Now, here's a dozen genuine razor straps—worth two dollars and a half, you may have 'em for two dollars.'

'I tell you I don't want your straps, so you may as well be going along.'

'Well now look here squire, I'll bet you five dollars that if you make me an offer for them we'll have a trade yet.'

'Done' replied the merchant placing the money in the hands of a bystander—the Yankee deposited a like sum.

'Now said the merchant. 'I'll give you a sixpence for the straps.'

'They're yourn,' said the Yankee as he pocketed the stakes.

'But,' said he, after reflection and with great apparent honesty, 'I'll trade back with you.'

The merchants countenance brightened.

'You're not so bad a chap after all,' said he, 'here are your straps—give me the money.'

'There it is,' said the Yankee, as he received the straps, and passed over the sixpence.

'A trade is a trade; and now you are wide awake, and next time you trade with that 'ere sixpence, you'll do a little better than to buy razor straps.'

And away walked the pedlar with his straps and wager, amidst the shouts of the laughing crowd.

☞ Young man, a private word. When you go courting, find out as soon as possible whether your affections are being planted more in a bundle of dry goods and things generally than a pulsating heart, hemmed in by warm ribs and all that.—Many a fellow has laid himself out for a full-made woman, and only found a very extensive assortment of cotton, whalebone and similar delusive institutions. Just look over the goods before going to the parson.

☞ In the hearing of an Irish case for assault and battery, a counsel, while cross examining one of the witnesses, asked him what they had at the first place they stopped at?

'Four glasses of ale.'

'What next?'

'Two glasses of whiskey.'

'What next.'

'A fight!'

PHOTOGRAPHS.—Ladies, generally speaking, (and they do speak generally,) dislike them. The reason of this is, that no woman, not even the prettiest, likes the truth when it is told plainly to her face.

☞ The worst features in man's face is his nose—when stuck into other people's business. Remember that—you who are in the habit of bobbing around.

☞ The prettiest lining for a bonnet is a smiling face.

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The *Tribune* will hereafter be furnished to subscribers at the following rates:

1 copy one year $1.50; in clubs of 10, to one address, $1.25 per copy; in clubs of 20 or more, to one address, $1,00 per copy. Payment in all cases must be IN ADVANCE.

Remittals should be prompt, a little while before the year expires, in order that we may make all necessary arrangements to supply the paper regularly.

The RED WRAPPER or the name written on the paper with RED INK or KIEL, indicates that the time paid for is about to expire and that we desire a renewal. If however in the haste of mailing, this signal should be omitted, we hope our friends will still not forget us.

Remittances.—Send payment by safe hands, when convenient. Or send by mail, enclosing with ordinary care, and troubling nobody with a knowledge of what you are doing. For a large amount, send a draft or large notes.—For one or two papers, send gold or small notes.

To make changes, send postage stamps or better still, send for more papers; say $2.00 for 70 numbers, or $1.00 for 33 numbers.

The Select Committee.

The Speaker of Congress has appointed the Select Committee to whom the Lecompton Constitution and President Buchanan's Special Message has been referred. In doing so, however, he has violated both courtesy and Parliamentary usages, in giving the Lecomptonites a majority on the committee. It has always been the custom for presiding officers to give the friends of a motion, a majority on a committee created by the passage of such motion, but in this instance, Speaker Orr has taken advantage of his position to set such usage at defiance, and has appointed *eight* bitter opponents of the motion and *seven* supporters of it on the committee. Truly, there must be "something rotten in Denmark," when the supporters of Lecompton are compelled to adopt such means to force the swindle on popular sovereignty through Congress.

Executive Clemency.—Since the earnest and persistent declarations of Henry Fife and Charlotte Jones, made on the scaffold, that Monroe Stewart is innocent of any connection in the horrible crime which they have expiated with their lives, petitions have been circulated in Pittsburg, and are being numerously signed, praying the Governor to pardon or at least respite Monroe Stewart. This is right, and we think this example should be followed by other cities and towns. What is to be done must be done quickly as he is to be executed on the 26th inst.

☞ We shall attend to the frothy article of the *Standard* in our next issue. In the meantime, however, would it not be as well for the editor of that sheet, before he takes others to task for boldly speaking out their sentiments on important questions, to show his own hand, and not "wiggle-waggle," on both sides as if afraid of his "bread and butter." When we engage in discussion we like to know where our opponent stands. Come, be a man or a mouse, or a long-tailed rat. Don't skulk questions yourself and then pitch into others for not following your example.

☞ On Friday last, Henry Fife and Charlotte Jones, the perpetrators of the horrible McKeesport butchery, paid the dread penalty of their crimes. Both died affirming that they had made their peace with God, and protesting to the last that Monroe Stewart was an innocent and deeply injured man. A full account of the execution will be found in another column.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Execution of Henry Fife and Charlotte Jones.

HANGMAN'S DAY.

A feverish anxiety was visible throughout the city Friday morning. Knots of men gathered around and in the vicinity of the court house discussing the event about to transpire. As the hours wore on the crowd increased till, before one o'clock, it numbered several thousand. The previous day thousands visited the jail yard to be gratified with a sight of the scaffold, but the throng became so dense that the avenues leading to the jail had to be closed.

At ten o'clock the Duquesne Greys, Capt. David Campbell; Washington Infantry, Capt. T. F. Wright; and the independent Blues, Capt. A. Hay, met at the armory of the Grey's and shortly after marched, under command of Capt.—Campbell, to the court yard, the Greys turning out sixty-four muskets, Infantry fifty-eight, Blues twenty-nine. The battalion passed through the Diamond street entrance, and guards were placed around the entire court yard, being relieved every half hour.

THE SCENE WITHIN.

The spiritual advisers of the condemned were with them from eight o'clock to the last. Religious devotions, of a most affecting character, were held in their cells, up to the moment of their removal to the scaffold. They renewed their assurances of preparation for death. About half past one the condemned left their cell, and proceeded to the scaffold—the two linked arm in arm—Revs. Messrs. Brown and Bell preceding and Sheriff Patterson and Jailor Phillips following them. Fife was dressed in his usual clothes, adjusted with much care. Charlotte wore a white tarlton dress, ruffled at the sleeves, and drawn to the wrist with a slight cord—a worked collar—slippers—and over her shoulders a shawl which she requested, and which was given to her sister, Mrs Wolf. They ascended the scaffold and took chairs. Rev. Mr. Brown offered in their behalf a touching and earnest prayer, after which the following dying statements were read, Fife's by himself and Charlotte's by Mr. Williamson. While reading his statement, Fife was greatly affected, and frequently wept. Yet, with a resolute nerve, rarely exhibited on the scaffold, he spoke in a firm unshaken voice:

FIFE'S DYING DECLARATION.

Gentlemen—In a few short moments of time, I shall have answered with my life for the terrible crime which I have committed, and which I have already freely confessed. It must not be supposed from what has been published in the newspapers here from time to time since my arrest, that I am indifferent or careless about the awful fate I am now to suffer; nor must it be supposed that I have suffered no compunction of conscience for the deed that has brought me to a felon's death. Oh, no. I have already undergone more torture of soul than a thousand deaths, and oh how often I have wished I could restore George Wilson and his sister back to life. Vain thought. Maddened with a thirst for gold, and stimulated by drink, I gave them the fatal blow that robbed them of life, and sent their souls, without warning, to the bar of God. My fervent prayer now is and long has been, that they have been made happy by my wickedness, and that their immortal souls are among the redeemed of Christ, and I pray Almighty God for his pardon, and that I may be permitted to hope that in the world of spirits, I may be there, and then beg there to be forgiven.

Since my arrest, much has been done of which I have a right to complain; not that I was arrested, tried and convicted, because that is a just penalty for my crime, but I do complain of some of the means used against me before my trial came on. The public press had so positively condemned me that it was next to impossible to get a fair and impartial hearing of my case, and one of the papers, the very day before the jury was to be empannelled, published nearly two columns of an article upon me, in which it charged that I was guilty beyond a doubt.—How is it possible for prisoners to get an impartial jury if they are to first be tried and positively condemned by the newspapers? It ought to be sufficient for a prisoner to answer for his crime to an impartial court and jury. The prisoner confined within the walls of his cell has no opportunity to defend himself from these attacks, and if it is continued the innocent will suffer with the guilty. I do not complain of the jury that tried my case; I believe they did their duty conscientiously. During the eleven or twelve days I was on trial, my counsel took a great many exceptions to the opinion of the court on the admission of evidence, and when the case was reported from the Supreme Court, I observed none of those exceptions had been presented or argued; but I inquired of my counsel about this, and he told me they had been lost out of the Clerk's office and could not be found.—There was a large number of these exceptions. Who carried them off? I will not charge that Mr. Horner, the Clerk of the Court, had anything to do with their being taken away. I believe he is an honest man. I do not believe the District Attorney had any knowledge of what became of them, and I believe that my Counsel has in all things, acted in good faith towards me. Let the guilty party, who ever he may be, however high in power, answer it to his own conscience and to his God. There will be a judgment hereafter, not only for the poor prisoner but for some of those engaged in judging him. One of the witnesses at the trial swore to my singing a certain song in the cell, at the Mayor's office, in which I was made to say that I killed George Wilson and his sister. It is my duty to myself and the people that I leave behind, to solemnly declare that I never sung that song.—I did have a conversation with Charlotte and among other things, I said to Stewart that I would do him justice; and with the last breath that God gives me in this world, I will redeem my promise to him. I have been charged with the murder of White, in connection with others. Of his murder I am entirely innocent, and I repeat what I stated to Mr. Phillips in my Confession, that I never saw Wm Jones until the next day after the murder of White, and as to any participation or knowledge on my part as to who murdered White, I solemnly declare I know nothing whatever. During my trial many witnesses were examined. What some of those swore to they were mistaken about. But I believe they were all honest except two, perhaps three. One was sworn, then the others; for he not only makes me admit the murder, but act like a swaggering, reckless fool. But I forgive them all, even him, and humbly pray Almighty God to forgive them.

Since my confinement in jail, I have always been treated with humanity and kindness by Sheriff Patterson, and God will reward him for his goodness of heart, even if it should extend a little humane sympathy to me, so unfortunate as to become his prisoner. As to Jailor Phillips, he has always treated me kindly. In this respect I have nothing to complain of; but he should be content to guard the body of the prisoners, and not try to get confessions out of them to be used against them on their trial. What I have here said is from a sense of duty, and not out of malice or bad feeling towards any one. I am in no situation to indulge in words of hatred or revenge, but rather in those of repentance and sorrow. During my confinement I have suffered more in mind a thousand times for the crime I have committed than the fear of this death that is so rapidly approaching. Here is the fatal rope, the scaffold, and the hand that is to send my soul into eternity; but I do not fear; I have made my peace with all the world, and I trust with God. And now, before these witnesses, and in the presence of Almighty God, before whom in a moment of time I expect to appear, and with the last breath that I am permitted to breathe on earth, with a full knowledge of my awful situation and my accountability, I solemnly protest and declare that Monroe Stewart is entirely innocent of the murder of George Wilson and his sister. The deed was planned and perpetrated by myself and Charlotte Jones, without another human being to plan, aid or assist us. For our crime he has suffered a long imprisonment, but I pray God that the last words of a dying man, with no hope or motive to declare anything but the truth, while the just punishment of God would be visited by falsehood, will be taken and restore him to that liberty of which he has been so long deprived. In whatever was honest he was my friend, but no partner of mine in crime. He has suffered much for my crime, and I beg his forgiveness. Monroe Stewart is innocent. May God have mercy on my soul.

HENRY FIFE.

DYING DECLARATIONS OF CHARLOTTE JONES.

I now have but a few moments to live, and I wish to make a statement of the truth. Since my arrest, I have been represented as a person hardened, and destitute of feeling, and without penitence for the crime in which I have been engaged. Any statements that I was not sorry, are untrue; because I have suffered continually since the perpetration of that offence—more than tongue can tell; and if I had the power to retrace my steps, and restore my uncle and aunt to life, there is nothing I would not be willing to do to accomplish it. The reason why I did this, was the great love I had for Henry Fife, and in order to get money to go to house-keeping with him. A short time before this crime was committed, Fife left me, against my earnest wish—giving me as a reason for leaving me, that he was too poor to support me, and that he was compelled to leave me, and go and hunt work. He did leave me, and I was under some apprehension whether he would return. During his absence, I suffered a great deal, and I would have done anything in the world to be with him. When I next saw him, it was at Columbia, Washington Co. Pa. I was not willing he should leave me again, and I went with him—he going to M'Keesport, and I going to my uncle's. Then when I was at my uncle's house, I first formed the idea of committing the crime, in order to get the money, so that I could live with Fife, as I was still afraid he would leave me again.

I also fully believe that Monroe Stewart was trying to get Fife to leave me, and therefore I had a great dislike for Stewart. The deed was planned and executed, as I have stated in my confession to Mr Phillips, and the statement of the murder, as I gave it to Mr. Phillips, is correct, all but this: I stated that I started to Washington to get the poison, but concluded to stop in Monongahela City and get it, and that I tried there and failed to get it, but I also stated what Mr. Phillips did not take down; that I got another person to go for the poison, and this person stated that the poison could not be got without swearing what it was for. I did not go for it myself, and never intended to be so understood. I wished to say in making my confessions, that I did expect from what Mr. Phillips said that I would have been cleared and taken as a witness for the Commonwealth, and the reason that I put Stewart in, was that I did not like him, because I believed he tried to get Fife to leave me, and I was afraid that the morning after the murder was committed, he might have seen something, and been used as a witness against Fife and myself.—Since I have been in the jail here, I have always been well treated by Sheriff Patterson and Mr. Phillips. Now I expect to die, and have tried to make my peace with every body, and I hope to be forgiven by God for my sins. I know the awful situation in which I am placed, and know at this time I shall tell nothing but the truth, because I fully believe that I shall be accountable hereafter for what I say. With this full knowledge, I am willing to state, before man and before God, that Monroe Stewart is not guilty of the murder of my uncle or aunt, and I believe him to be entirely innocent. I am sorry that I ever put him in the situation that he is now in. I have been visited by clergyman and other religious people, and I feel as though I am prepared to die. I fully confess my crime, and admit that my punishment is just.

In regard to the murder of Mr. White in Washington county, it is my wish to say that I do not know anything about it, and the first time Fife ever saw my brother, Will an Jones, to my knowledge, was the next evening after Mr. White was killed. To my counsel, Mr. Howard, I desire to return my sincere thanks, for his services in my behalf. He has done everything for me that a counsel could do, and I now bid the world and all my friends farewell. I trust in God, and hope to be forgiven.

Her
CHARLOTTE ✕ JONES.
mark.

THE EXECUTION.

When Mr. Williamson had concluded the reading, Rev. Mr. Bell addressed the Throne of Grace, the prisoners joining in the prayer.

Fife retained his composure to the last. He stepped forward to the edge of the scaffold, with one foot on the steps, beckoned to those present whom he knew, and who ascended and shook hands with him—taking a solemn farewell, and remarking to one, "I shall die happy," to another, "with the help of God. I shall die like a man," and as we are positively assured by three eye-witnesses—tho' contradicted by another—after he had shaken hands with all who came forward, remarked generally: "Gentlemen, I want you to understand that I die game," having said which, he went back on to the platform.

During this time Charlotte sat on her chair lamenting hysterically, praying audibly and interjectionally, and asserting over and over the innocence of Stewart. It was with the greatest effort that she maintained anything like composure. The chairs had been removed and both were standing up immediately under the ropes. Fife attempted to reassure her, embracing and kissing her, and saying that he was there yet.

The moment for the execution had arrived.—A mysterious personage—half harlequin and half buffoon in his disguise, appeared on the scaffold—introduced to pinion their arms and adjust the ropes on their necks, and as a serio comic character, we presume, to relieve the heaviness of the tragedy. He wore a head mask ominously fiery, which loosely fell in front of his face to his breast—a Kentucky hunting shirt of the Daniel Boone cut, and green baize leggings. As Fife's eye caught sight of him, he seemed involuntarily startled, and raised his hand—some present thinking he made a motion as tho' about to strike the disguised person.—His arms were then pinioned as were those of Charlotte. Fife, it is said, adjusted the rope around his own neck. The caps were drawn over their faces—at precisely two o'clock the signal was given—the Sheriff touched the spring—the platform fell from under their feet—and Henry Fife and Charlotte Jones were no more.

Fife died without a struggle, not moving a muscle. His heart continued to pulsate for ten minutes. Charlotte's ceased beating in three minutes and a half from the instant she fell.—Her death was less easy; as she fell, her hands clasped on her breast, the shoulders were drawn up, and the sentence of the law had been fulfilled.

The bodies, after hanging thirty minutes, were cut down and laid in plain coffins provided by Undertaker Williams. Subsequently they were removed to a furniture car, by the Ross street entrance—where a mob of several thousand made progress almost impossible. If the military were or could have been of any great service, it was then needed; but having been discharged from duty, the crowd tumultuously gathered around it—pressed upon its wheels, and checked its progress. With the sister of the dead woman seated upon one of the coffins, this shameful cortege proceeded up Wylie street, followed by an immense crowd of men, women and children. The bodies were interred in the city grave yard—better known as the Second Presbyterian—Center Avenue, Seventh Ward.

INCIDENTS OUTSIDE.

During the day the streets surrounding the Court House were filled with an excited, feverish people—looking for and desiring to be in all sorts of impossible places, only to get a glimpse of the execution. "Where is the scaffold?"—"Have they been brought out yet?" "How do they appear?" "What have they to say?" were questions continually asked but never answered. Boyd's Hill was black with people, who could get a glimpse of the cross beam of the scaffold. There was no rowdyism or riot.—One over-anxious individual climbed over the Diamond gate, but retreated at the point of several bayonets, somewhat livelier than he got over. The door of the Associate Reformed Church was beseiged by clamorous crowds, who desired to mount to the steeple; a few succeeded. The entrances to the yard were desperately crowded.

Those who had received permits from the Commissioners for entrance, presented their tickets at the Diamond gate, and seemed greatly disappointed when informed by the guard that unless their hats were chalked by the Sheriff they could not enter. One verdant countryman had his pocket relieved of sixty five dollars at the gate, while clamoring for admission. A few women lounged about the corners, shivering in the keen air, and chatting all sorts of speculations. At last the faint wail of the woman rose above the clamor of the street, the report of the heavy beam as it fell was heard, a sentinel from the yard cried, "It is all over," and the multitude slowly dispersed.

The Pennsylvania Railroad.

The stockholders of this flourishing enterprise held their annual meeting in Philadelphia on Monday last—Mayor Vaux in the chair. From the annual report of the company, we learn that the earnings of the road during the year were $4,855,609.76. Deducting from this the sums paid in the shape of tolls to other roads, transportation, expenses and tonnage duties, and we have $1,854,926,36 as the surplus earnings of the road for the year. The interest on the funded debt, and money paid for main line, office expenses, State tax, rent account, &c., amounted to $754,775, 91, leaving a clear balance of $1,100,150.95, which is more than sufficient for a dividend of eight per cent. upon the capital of the Company.

The whole number of passengers carried between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, is equivalent to 143,616 passing over the length of the road, showing a decrease of 5040 passengers.—Upon the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad, adding the number carried over the Columbia branch an equivalent distance, the whole number carried was 140,829, being 3284 less than equivalent through passengers carried on the Pennsylvania Railroad; showing that the local business of the Pennsylvania Railroad, though traversing a mountainous region, intersected by rich valleys, to be greater than that of its associate, though passing for its whole length through the wealthy and prosperous counties of Dauphin and Lancaster.

The report states that the gross earnings of the road, for freight during the year, were $3,376,516 26, being an increase of $132,280, and that $1,088,396 36 is required to complete the double track, of which some 162 miles have already been laid.

Resolutions were passed instructing the Board to reduce the indebtedness of the Company as early as practicable, to an amount not exceeding three per cent on the capital stock already paid in, and to examine into the affairs of the Marietta and Cincinnati road, ascertain the amount necessary to complete it, &c., and report to the stockholders whether any, and if any what measures should be adopted by this Company, with a view to secure the traffic and advantages intended to have been obtained by its subscription to the stock of the Marietta road.

The meeting was very harmonious; and the stockholders expressed themselves highly pleased with the road and its management.

Quick Time.—We copy the following item from the Local column of the Dayton *Daily Journal*, as an evidence of the facility with which freight is shipped by the Penna. R. R. route from West to East:

On the 2d February, W. Eichelberger of this city shipped 1000 bbls of Flour to New York City. The Flour reached its destination on the morning of the 6th, *four days out*, and was sold on the day it arrived. It was shipped via the Dayton Xenia & Belpre, Columbus and Xenia, Steubenville & Pittsburgh, Penn Central and New Jersey Railways. We doubt whether there is any record,—or that there has been any such fact to *record*, indeed—as the transmission of 1000 bbls of Flour from this region to New York in the short space of four days—until this which we now present and ask its reference to the committee of the whole on the state of railway transportation from West to East.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—To the voters of the Borough of Altoona, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, at the ensuing election, and if elected, will endeavor to discharge the duties of said office to the best of my ability.
Feb. 4, 1858-tc.] JOHN W. HUMES.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of BOROUGH CONSTABLE, at the ensuing election. If elected, I pledge myself to use all my abilities in maintaining order, enforcing the Borough laws, and performing all the duties appertaining to said office.
Feb. 4, 1858-tc] JOSEPH MOIST.

SHERIFFALITY.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Blair county, at the ensuing election in October next. If elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability.
Feb. 4, 1858-tc] JOHN B. WARFEL.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—I offer myself to the citizens of Altoona, as an independent candidate for the office above named, at the ensuing Borough Election. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability.
PETER REED.
Altoona, Jan. 28, 1858-tc.

BOROUGH ELECTION.—AT THE earnest solicitation of a number of my friends I offer myself to the citizens of Altoona as an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for BOROUGH CONSTABLE, at the ensuing election. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability, without fear, favor, or affection.
A. W. B. LAUB.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA.—I respectfully offer myself as an Independent candidate for the office of CONSTABLE, at the ensuing Borough Election. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to that office, to the best of my ability, without respect to friends or foes.
Jan. 21-tf. JOSEPH K. ELY.

ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY LOWTHER & M'DOWELL.

Flour—Superfine,	₱ bbl.		$5.25
" Extra,	₱ "		5.50
Corn Meal,	₱ cwt.		3.00
Buckwheat	₱ "		2.40
Potatoes,	₱ bush.		75
Apples,	₱ "		87
Butter,	₱ lb		22
Lard,	₱ "		14
Pork,	₱ "		06
Side,	₱ "		05
Eggs,	₱ doz.		16

M'LAIN & LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

M'Lain & Lehr sell their Flour at the following rates:—

White Wheat Flour, Extra Family,	₱ bbl.		$5.62
" " Superfine,	"		5.50
Brush Creek " Extra,	"		5.50
" " " Superfine,	"		5.25

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

Extra Family Flour,	₱ bbl.	$5 62
Extra "	"	5 50
Extra Superfine,	"	5 25
Superfine,	"	5 00
Brush Creek,	"	4 00

DIED.

In this place, on the 12th inst., JAMES, son of Joshua and Rosanna Kelly, aged 18 years.

At the residence of his son, in this place, on the 13th inst., Mr. ABRAHAM LOWTHER, aged 73 years.
(Lewistown papers please copy.)

AMBROTYPES.—THE PLACE TO get Ambrotypes for yourself, your friends or relations, is in the fourth story of Patton's Building, where all persons can be accommodated on the shortest notice, with true and life-like likenesses. Ambrotypes taken on single and double glass. Melainotypes taken on Russian Melainotype plates. Also, Pictures taken in the new style transfer—Photographing—on Patent Leather, which are imperishable, and are intended principally for insertion in articles of jewelry, and transmitting by mail, as they do not require to be put in a case.

Pictures copied on reasonable terms.

Pictures are all warranted to please before taken away.

Pictures taken as low as fifty cents.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a liberal patronage from the citizens of Altoona and visibity, as he intends to make this his permanent station. Come one, come all, and "Secure the shadow ere the substance fades." Don't forget the room is in Patton's Building, fourth story. The first story is occupied by Mr. Mann's store.
Feb. 18-3t] J. W. CLABAUGH.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—A valuable Farm of seventy-nine acres of limestone land, situate about two miles east of Frankstown, and one mile from the Penn'a Canal, on the road leading to Scotch Valley, is offered for sale by the subscriber.

Sixty acres are under good cultivation, and the balance timber land. The improvements consist of a good two-story PLANK HOUSE and BARN, a good fountain of water at the door, a large orchard containing Apple, Pear, Plum and Cherry trees, in good bearing condition, and every convenience necessary to a farm.

Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to
Feb. 18-3t] JOHN SHOEMAKER.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES.
R. FRANCIS & Co., Managers.
CAUTION NOTICE.
Persons living at a distance should be exceedingly cautious of whom they order Lottery Tickets or Certificates of Packages of Tickets. The country is flooded with bogus and swindling Lotteries. Every inducement is held out to get persons to invest money in them. Capitals ranging from $20,000 to $40,000 head their schemes—which are sold at One Dollar. $100,000 Capital Prizes are offered for tickets at $5. All such, in every instance, are frauds; and if money is sent to them for tickets, it is so much thrown away, without the shadow of a chance of getting a prize. Buy only of all Lotteries where the Capital Prize is unusually large, in comparison to the price of tickets. In every instance where large prizes are offered for a small cost of tickets, put it down as a certain fraud.

The Kentucky State Lottery for the benefit of the Shelby College, under our management, is the only Lottery in the United States which is legally decided. All other Lotteries which purport to be decided by the Maryland Drawings, are frauds.

THE MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES.

Purchase in the Maryland State Lotteries, then you are sure of being right. And in ordering in the Maryland Lotteries, you are sure of fair and honest dra[illegible] from any illicensed vender in Baltimore, do not receive [illegible] but Managers' Tickets and Managers' Printed Certificates of Packages. The Managers' Certificates have the n[illegible] printed, and have the lithographed signature of R. [illegible] & Co.

No one has a right to send his individual [illegible] certificates, and if he does it, be sure there is a fraud at the [illegible] of it.

R. FRANCIS & CO.,
Feb. 18-3m.] Managers of Maryland State Lotteries.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of George Huff, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned residing in Altoona. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
Feb. 11-1858-6t.] J. B. HILEY, Adm'r.

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the undersigned is no longer connected with the firm of A. & J. Cherry, in a certain [illegible] property, in Antis township, Blair county, and will not be responsible for the acts of the remaining partners.
Antis tp. Feb. 6, 1858-3t.*] ANDREW CHERRY.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS.—In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the [illegible] standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.
JOHN K[illegible]R,
Dec. 17, tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Reigh, late of the borough of Altoona, Blair county, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned residing in said borough. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
Jan. 14-6t.] C. B. SI[illegible]

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!—BARNES' ITCH OINTMENT is the only remedy which thoroughly cures that dreaded disease—the SEVEN YEARS' ITCH—now prevailing to so great an extent. The usual remedies, such as Brimstone, Tar and Precipitate Ointments, are of no use. Many who have used them have been compelled to use Barnes' Itch Ointment, and found it the only cure. It is now the only remedy in which physicians place any reliance.

FROSTED FEET.

Jack Frost has re-commenced his reign and BARNES' REMEDY FOR FROSTED FEET is the only [illegible] that will cure those whom he has attacked. Apply this remedy for a few days and a cure will be effected. The [illegible] application gives relief. It has cured cases where [illegible] skin has burst.

RHEUMATISM.

The celebrated Liniment, called HYDER ALI'S MIXTURE, has cured more cases of Rheumatism than any one known. For the cure of Pains in the Side, Limbs and Back, Sore Throat, Swellings of the Joints and Limbs, Pains and Bruises, it has no equal. As a Liniment for Horses, in curing Galls, Cuts, Sores, Strains, Swellings, and all other external injuries, Bone Spavin only excepted, all who have used it give it the preference over all others.

COUGHS AND COLDS.

BARNES' COUGH SYRUP, composed entirely of Vegetables, is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis. It is without any exception, the best remedy known, of which fact thousands can testify. It will be found the best remedy that can be used for children.

Prepared only at Barnes' Drug Store, Trenton, N. J.—Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and H. Page & Co., Pittsburg. [May 1-'57-1y.

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!—One prize to every purchaser.
500 DOLLARS WORTH OF GIFTS!!
consisting of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
FINE GOLD JEWELRY, &C.,
WILL BE DISTRIBUTED WITH EVERY 100 BOOKS.

The attention of the public is respectfully solicited to the extensive assortment of valuable Standard and Miscellaneous Books which are offered for sale at the lowest Retail Prices. A GIFT WORTH FROM 25 CENTS TO $50, will be given with every Book. A complete Catalogue giving full information, with a list of Prizes, will be forwarded on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED.—Persons wishing to order at once, can order any Book published in Philadelphia, New York or Boston, and it will be furnished at publisher's prices, with Gift. Any person ordering 5 Books will receive for commission an extra Book with Gift. For Postage send stamps, 18 cents, for $1.00 Books. Address
DUANE RULISON, Publisher.
No. 23 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Altoona and its vicinity, that he has opened a STORE in the ROOM formerly occupied by G. W. Patton, on Virginia street, where he will be happy to exhibit to them his splendid stock of

FASHIONABLE FALL GOODS,

which will be found entirely new and fresh. His stock is carefully selected and was purchased strictly for CASH, which just at this important time has enabled him to buy exceedingly low, and having adopted the

READY-PAY SYSTEM

is determined to ask but "Small Profits and Quick Sales."

Among his stock will be found everything appertaining to Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, as well as all articles of

Groceries,
Queensware,
Hardware, &c., &c.,

usually kept in a town or country store. He respectfully invites a careful inspection of his stock.
Altoona, Oct. 1, 1857-tf. CHARLES J. MANN.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—A NEW FIRM BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

M'LAIN & LEHR

Beg leave to inform their friends and the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have opened a

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

in the room formerly occupied by John Lehr, on Virginia street, next door to Patton's Hall, where they will be happy to serve all who may favor them with a call. Their stock is a large and select one, consisting of

Flour,	Feed,	Bacon,
Pork,	Sugar,	Coffee,
Tea,	Molasses,	Fish,
Salt,	Potatoes,	Fish Oil,
Fluid,	Camphene,	Alcohol,

Cigars and Tobacco.

As they purchase all their goods for the REAL CASH, and sell for the same, persons desiring of purchasing anything in their line, will do well to give them a call, as they will sell at but a trifling advance on first cost. They ask no man to pay for anything but what he buys. Give us a trial and see if we won't make our words good. [Jan 7-tf

MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—Misses M. & E. KAUFFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at their old stand opposite Sellers' Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the place. Dresses and all articles of ladies wear made to order on short notice and reasonable terms. [April 23-'57-1y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A girl to cook and do general house-work. One that can come well recommended will find steady employment and good wages. For information, apply at this office.

PINE AND LAMP OILS, Camphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
Jan. 3, '56-tf] KESSLER'S.

HAIR OILS, POMADES, Cologne Extracts, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by [1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, Shaving, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at
1-tf. KESSLER'S.

RICH TOBACCO AND Highly flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBtain Flour and Feed by calling at
June 18, '57-1y HENRY LEHR'S.

EVERYBODY IS INVIted to call and test the merits of the articles kept by
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR.

GLASS 8 BY 10 TO 20 by 24 [illegible] to price by G. W. KESSLER.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. READ THIS—OLD AND YOUNG.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Is, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this age of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a most luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofula, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as scald head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or periodical headache, make the hair soft, glossy and preserve the color perfectly, and also the hair from falling, to extreme old age. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession:

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*:—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time, and having tried all the hair restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial. I placed myself in the hands of a barber, and had my head rubbed with a good stiff brush, and the restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was aglow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared and grew rapidly from August last till the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch; whereas, before, it was harsh and wiry, what little there was of it, and that little was disappearing very rapidly. I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now I had read all these things—and who has not? but have not seen hitherto any case where any person's hair was really benefited by any of the hair tonics, etc., of the day; and it really gives me pleasure to record the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here know its effects and have confidence in it. The supply you sent us as wholesale agents for the Territory, is nearly exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery, and I, for one, return you my thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of effecting any such result. Yours, hastily.

J. W. BOND.

Firm of Bond & Kelly, Druggists, St. Paul.

From the Editor of the Real Estate Advertiser.

BOSTON, March 20, 1856.

DEAR SIR:—Having become prematurely quite gray, I was induced, some six weeks since, to make a trial of your Restorative. I have used less than two bottles, but the gray hairs have all disappeared; and although my hair has not fully attained its original color, yet the process of change is gradually going on, and I am in great hopes that in a short time my hair will be as dark as formerly. I have also been much gratified at the healthy moisture and vigor of the hair, which before was harsh and dry; and it has ceased to come out as formerly.

Respectfully yours,

D. C. M. RUPP.

CARLYLE, Illinois, June 19, 1856.

I have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative, it has resumed its original color, and have no doubt, permanently so.

SIDNEY BREESE,
Ex-Senator United States.

O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors, 312 Broadway N. Y. and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Missouri.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. [2-1y

ONLY ONE BOTTLE OF DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR OR LIVER REMEDY,

Is required to cure any one troubled with Liver Complaints, and in the most desperate of cases, when the second bottle was with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to health and vigor. We wish to call the attention of all to those facts, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the last twenty years with a success almost credulous, and it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

One bottle is the surest thing known to carry away the bad effects of mineral poison of any kind.

Only one bottle of it is needed to throw out of the system the effect of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

One dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose of two tea-spoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstructions removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and severe proventative of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞ One or two doses taken occasionally is one of the best remedies for cold or sore throat.

Thousands of cures of inflammation and weakness of the lungs have been cured by the Invigorator.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no surer, safer and speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

There is no exaggeration in these statements, they are plain and sober facts, that we can give evidence to prove, while all who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

We wish all who are sick and debilitated

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MESSRS. McCRUM & ALLISON.—*Gentlemen*:—We have turned, with the usual interest that persons are supposed to feel in "home matters," to the column of "Local Items" in your last issue, and while reading it, came across the following —having reference to the political proclivities of those gentlemen whose names were appended as candidates on the "Citizens Ticket"—viz:—"while the other (ticket) is a citizen's composed of good men of all three parties." This phraseology—having our special attention, we carefully looked over the names, and failing to notice among them a single one known in the community as a Republican, we naturally referred again to the heading to see if we had not read "three" for "two." No—there it mentioned "Three."

Now, Messrs. Editors, we as a party, not having as yet reached that profound depth in "party erudition"—"that lying is a smart thing," when it succeeds in securing a wavering vote—profess to have some regard for truth, and have to solicit of your kindness to point out the names of such as are connected with the 3d party referred to.

The "Know Nothings" on this ticket are *very* prominent indeed; The "Border Ruffian" fraternity also can rejoice, in addition to a most orthodox nomination from their own party, in an imparted respectability from association with the names of "American citizens."

But of those citizens of the third party, where are they? Where? and echo answers, where?

Is it not strange that among all our acquaintances holding Republican tendencies, not one appears (until the meeting was over) to have known of such an intention as that of nominating a "Citizens Ticket." Neither do we know of any one of them who has seen a public notice calling such a meeting.

We therefore have no other alternative than to regard this "Citizens' Ticket" as a bogus affair, concocted by a clique, designed as a trap to ensnare a few voters, which from the recognized decency of their possessors, are feared as lost to Border Ruffianism on the one hand and anti-National proscriptiveness on the other.

Gentlemen—"God sends meat," and it is said that the "Devil sends cooks." This special dish, designed for our gratification, we respectfully decline, and hope that our Republican friends will not allow their honest simplicity to be imposed upon, and recommend that rather than choose between *two evils*, they will have the moral courage to reject both.

A FEW REPUBLICANS.

Altoona, Feb. 18, 1858.

Remarks.

We must confess, we are at a loss to perceive the motive which prompted the indictment of the above communication. The quotation from our article of last week, to which "A Few Republicans" take exception, was indited by us, under the honest conviction that we were speaking the TRUTH, and we have yet to be convinced that we were not, the *charitable assertion* of "A Few Republicans," that we were lying for the purpose of gulling the Republican Party, to the contrary, notwithstanding. Our reasons for so speaking are as follows: At the State Convention which nominated Judge Wilmot, for Governor, last spring, the Republican Party was united with the Free-Soil wing of the American Party, and the coalitionists assumed the name of American-Republicans. The distinctive Republican Party and Free-Soil Wing of the American Party was then to all intents and purposes dissolved, and the new party of American-Republicans inaugurated. Judge Wilmot was the standard bearer of the new party, and, as a natural consequence, all who supported him were *bona fide* American-Republicans, whether acting formerly with the American or Republican parties. Such being the case, we naturally enough concluded that there were but three political parties, viz: the Democratic, "Straight-out American" and American-Republican, and as the ticket is composed of members of all these three, our assertion *was correct* and that of "A few Republicans" *grossly incorrect*. If they mean, at this late day to ignore the existence of the American-Republican party, which polled some 150,000 votes last fall, and assert that there is a "straight-out" Republican organization, then we beg leave to decline pointing out any of its representatives on the ticket, as we are certain we could not. But if they disavow such an attempt, and acknowledge that there *is* an American-Republican party, and that the support of Judge Wilmot was a test of orthodoxy, then we shall cheerfully comply with their request, and will point out the names of at *least* two individuals on that ticket, who, we have good reason to believe, are good American Republicans. Are "A few Republicans" and "Echo" answered now?

The studied fling at the Americans and Democrats, on both tickets, to say the least of it, is in very bad taste, but as we neither assisted in making nor get are the particular exponents of either ticket, we let it pass for what it is worth. We, in conjunction with "A few Republicans," now no public notice, calling a meeting to nominate a "Citizens' Ticket," and did not know such a movement was in contemplation, until the nominations were handed to us to publish. Had we been cognizant of the fact, we should have heartily entered into it, as we believe that political feeling should be entirely discarded in Borough and Township Elections. It should always be the aim of all good citizens to select the best men for such offices, irrespective of party associations or party prejudices. Hence a public notice ought to have been given, so that all who desired could have participated. The concluding remarks of "A few Republicans," advising Republicans not to vote for any of the candidates in nomination, we think are justly reprehensible, and can only be palliated upon the supposition that there are no good men in nomination. But such a supposition is ridiculously absurd. Both tickets embrace the names of many good men, and it is the duty, as it should be the pleasure of every good citizen, to select from both, the names of such persons as he thinks best qualified to fill efficiently the different offices. However, we heartily agree with "A few Republicans" in this, that any man who cannot be satisfied with the nominees on either ticket should not vote for them. But still his duty as a citizen will not permit him to neglect to vote, therefore, in such a case he should frame a ticket to suit himself and be sure to vote it.

HOP.—On Monday night last, a "hop," came off in Shultz's Hall, in this place. Quite a number were in attendance. Everything passed off pleasantly and the company broke up some time in the "wee short hours ayont the twal."

COMMENDABLE ARRANGEMENT.—On Monday last the first "smoking car" ever run upon the Pa. R. R., was attached to the Express Train, Westward, at this place. This is a "kink" in railroading, which has too long been neglected by the company. Travellers (male, of course,) who are accustomed to indulge in a "fragrant weed" after meals, are by no means well-pleased at being deprived of that luxury while travelling, and we have frequently heard them complain most bitterly of the want of a smoking car attached to the trains on this road. Indeed, many who would have passed over this road, on their way West, if they could have been accommodated with a place to smoke in, have patronised rival routes, where such accommodations were afforded, thus depriving this Company of many passengers, who would otherwise have patronized the shortest, quickest, easiest and best conducted route to the West. No later ago than last week, a party of gentlemen fourteen in number, in Chicago, who desired to come East, were discussing the merits of the rival routes. All acknowledged that the Pennsylvania Central route was the shortest, pleasantest and best managed, but decided against it, for the simple reason that no smoking cars were attached to the trains. Here at one time the snug little sum of $140,00 was directly diverted from the coffers of the Company, and indirectly from the pockets of many mechanics in our State, and turned into those of a rival route and citizens of other States. This is only an isolated instance of the loss sustained directly by the road and indirectly by our mechanics, from this cause. If all were made public, we would not be found far wrong in estimating it at several thousand dollars annually. But now, we are pleased to see that the mistake is being rectified, and before long all the trains on the road will have a smoking car attached. Success to the measure we say, and when we next go "bobbin' around" may there be one to the train in which we ride. *Nous Verrons.*

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—The new arrangement in relation to the Passenger Trains, which we mentioned two weeks ago as about to take place, has gone into operation. All Passenger Trains that take meals here are now stopped on the siding, in front of the Logan House, formerly used for the Hollidaysburg Branch Train and empty passenger cars, the Eastward bound trains switching on to said track at the upper end, and the Westward at the lower end. This will be a great accommodation to the travelling public, especially in disagreeable weather, as they will not have so far to travel to procure the wherewithal to refresh the inner man, while it materially improves the appearance of the Logan House, (one of the handsomest and best kept Hotels in the State) by removing the empty cars which frequently concealed it from the view of travellers in the cars.

BOROUGH ELECTION.—To-morrow our Borough election takes place, when it behooves our citizens to look after the interests of our Borough. Two tickets are in the field, both, so far as we know, composed of good men. It is the duty of every good citizen to paaticipate in the election. If any one can't support the whole of either of the tickets in nomination, he should unhesitatingly vote a split one, composed of the names of those whom he believes best qualified for the offices. If he don't like to support any of the nominees, he should frame a ticket to suit himself and vote it, but on no account should he neglect to vote.

AMBROTYPES.—Our readers will perceive, by reference to our advertising columns, that our young friend, John W. Clabaugh, is now engaged in taking Ambrotypes, in our town. He is an adept at the art, and his instrument is a first-class one, thus ensuring a true likeness, artistically finished—a desideratum absolutely necessary to success in the profession. Those of our citizens who desire to "secure the shadow 'ere the substance fades," of themselves, families, or friends, will do well to give John a call. He is a clever and gentlemanly young man, and we have no doubt will give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Call around and examine his workmanship, and if you don't pronounce it hard to beat, then we know nothing of Ambrotyping.

[Extract from Minutes.]

At a meeting of the Logan Rifle Rangers, held on Saturday evening Feb. 13th, 1858, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Company be tendered to the officers and members of the National Guards of Harrisburg, for their escort and use of armory while on our late visit to their city. W. W. SMITH, *Sec'y.*

The Altoona reporter for the *Standard*, can attribute our motives in defending the gentleman, who announces himself through our columns as a candidate for Sheriff, from his unwarrantable assertion, to whatever cause he thinks proper. People generally judge others by themselves, and we presume the cause which induced said reporter to fire the first shot at the gentleman in question, was the same which he has attributed to us.

SELECT SCHOOL.—We understand that our old friend, Mr. John Rutherford, purposes opening a Select School, in the East Ward school-room, on the 5th of April next, to last for a term of four months. We have no doubt he will be liberally patronized, as he is an old and successful teacher. If he can't "teach the young idea how to shoot," there is little use of anybody else trying.

ERROR.—In publishing the different tickets in nomination for Borough offices last week, we ought to have put the name of John W. Humes upon the "citizens Ticket" as their nominee for Justice of the Peace. However, we published the ticket just as it was handed in, and the fault was not ours, but that of the gentleman who furnished us the copy.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH DAY.—This National holiday, which falls on Monday next, will be celebrated by the Hollidaysburg Camp J. S. of A., by a Social Party in the evening, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, in that place Our hat is "chalked," and should nothing occur to prevent, we shall be "bobbin' around."

RESIGNATION.—We have been requested by Geo. B. Cramer, Esq., to announce that he does not wish to be a candidate for the office for which he has been nominated by the Democratic party, as the duties of his present situation will not permit him to give the duties of the office that attention they should receive.

HOME CORRESPONDENCE.

[From Our Own Correspondents.]

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Feb. 16, 1858.

On last Friday night, the Hollidaysburg Branch Train seriously injured a man named Abraham Russ, in its passage from Altoona to this place, when near Hutchison's station. The injured man was deaf and hence did not hear the whistle of the locomotive and other signals given by the engineer. The train would have been stopped, had not the engineer supposed the man knew of his danger and intended to step off the track in time to let the train pass by him, or had he known of the deficiency in Russ' sense of hearing. But through the wrong supposition of the engineer and the unconsciousness of the near approach of the train on the part of the deaf man, the latter was badly damaged by being dragged about 100 yards by the cow-catcher. One of his arms was broken and his head and body much bruised. We are glad to learn that his injuries are not likely to prove fatal, as none of them are internal. Dr. Coffey was summoned to dress the wounds and he is now in as comfortable a condition as could be expected.—This we hope will prove a warning to persons bereft of the sense of hearing to refrain from walking on the railroad. It is dangerous to those even who possess the natural powers given to man, but still more to deaf persons.

John Reidly, while engaged in cutting ice upon the Juniata river, last week, fell and broke his collar bone. He was brought to Dr. Irwin who skilfully replaced the bone and set it to rights again. John labored considerably under the effect of liquor, which, no doubt, rendered him liable to lose his balance and make him fall heavier. He will soon recover the use of his arm again, and if wise, will heed the lesson taught to him, that it is dangerous to enlist under Capt. Whiskey's banner and become subject to his influence.

The sleighing in our neighborhood is excellent, and is greatly enjoyed by our people.—The deprivation of it so long this winter has imparted an unusual zeal to the lovers of good sleighing. Parties are frequent. The hard times bring into use the sleds more than formerly. Some *high-notioned* gents, who last winter must have a fancy horse and sleigh just fresh from the livery stable, are now content with the old-fashioned sled-riding. For my part I prefer the latter, when full of ladies and gents, all crowded together, and all is merriment and pleasure. However, every one to his taste.

Those of our citizens who had not their ice houses filled, were busily engaged in doing so last Friday and Saturday. The fear of having empty ice-houses is past, and those who were anxious to seize upon the poor ice of the week previous now lament their course.

The skating on the Juniata on Friday last was very good, and delightfully participated in by the young folks. Perhaps 60 boys and men were on the river at one time, flying around on their skates with great glee.

The Baptist congregation are having a Baptistry placed in their church in this place, similar to those in the city churches of their denomination. This will be a great convenience to both the pastor and people, and a more pleasant and effective means of administering the right of Baptism. The out-door, or river system had its disadvantages, which will, by this improvement, by totally obviated.

VERITAS.

HEAD WATERS OF PINEY CREEK, February 15, 1858.

I am no meteorologist, nor am I in the habit of commenting much upon the weather, but I must say that we are now having winter in earnest. For the last two or three days, the weather in these parts has been very severe, and at the time I write, the snow is falling at a 2.40 rate. The ground-hog sign has so far been triumphant.

"See winter comes to rule the varied year,
Sullen and sad, with all his rising train;
Vapors, and clouds, and storm."

But ten chances to one, by the time this communication appears in print, a new scenery will present itself; the snow will be entirely gone, "Old Sol" will make his appearance in all his meridiam splendor, and our fancies will almost lead us to believe that we can hear the sweet musical voices of the early harbingers of spring. Who can tell?

The Washington Artillery company, organized in Martinsburg in September, have received their cannon, which is a six pounder, and a very fine looking piece. This company numbers, in all, about forty members, and for the time they have been drilling make a very creditable display. At the time the company was inspected, (New Year's day) the Utah question was proposed to them. They all seemed willing to enter the service of their country, and the vote to that effect was unanimous. From late advices, however, things in Utah seem to be assuming another aspect, and in all probability their services will not be required.

Quite an excitement was created in Martinsburg on last Friday evening by the appearance of a street preacher, who was vociferously proclaiming the gospel to a large assemblage of men and boys, on one of the prominent street corners of the town. It was a hard matter to exactly understand what doctrine he was advocating. We formed the opinion from what we could hear, that he was preaching the doctrine of the "Seven-day Baptists." He offered a reward of a twenty dollar gold piece to any man, woman or child, who can show him a passage in the Bible that says that the first day of the week shall be observed as the "holy sabbath of the Lord."

The Winebrenarians are continuing their meetings, and many are inquiring the way Zionward. They say their church doors shall not be closed, until all who are desirous of seeking the Lord shall come forward. They seem determined in their purpose, and it may be, their meetings will be productive of much good, Mr. Ake, who died from the effects of religious excitement, was buried on the 8th inst. A funeral discourse was preached upon the occasion.—They seem to rejoice over his death as a victory, and think there is much rejoicing in Heaven over that one sinner that repented.

NEANISCUS.

ARCH SPRINGS, February 15, 1858.

Three weeks have elapsed since I last wrote you. I would have written thrice since had it not been for a reason which I think was sufficient to cause me to keep quiet, namely, *nothing to write.* I can now, I think, collect a few items of interest to your readers. I cannot speak of steamboat disasters, of the condition of banks, of the construction of railroads and telegraphs as some of your correspondent do, but must content myself with reporting things not so important to "Young America."

To let you know that we are progressing (backwards) and that we are interested in our children's welfare ("over the left,") I will tell you of an improvement (?) which is being made in this "neck o' timber" that will tell powerfully upon the lives of many in after years. It is the erection of a distillery a short distance from this place. The proprietor is a man who understands his profession, though I doubt whether he is conscious of his profession of religion; being well skilled in all the arts pertaining to his vocation, he will, I am persuaded, prove eminently successful in his attempts to "put the cup to his neighbor's lips." In about three weeks he hopes to have his "house of death" completed. Would to God it may never be completed. Penetrating the future, I see—plainly see, the effects of that man's labors. The decrepit form of the inebriate, tottering upon the verge of the grave, tells me plainly that it was that liquor manufacturer who so disgracefully brought him there. Solaced by no friend and cheered by no kindly spoken words, he goes down to his grave "unwept, unhonored and unsung." The sighs of the widow, the cries of the orphan, and the groans of the dying, convey to my mind the sad story of blasted hopes, broken vows, murders and suicidal deaths. If he would avoid bringing his fellow-men to disgraceful deaths and premature graves; if he would prevent many hearts from being broken and many family ties from being sundered; if he would help to decrease the many bitter evils that curse our race; oh, then let him desist from his present course—it leads to death!

On Tuesday morning last at about 2 o'clock the large barn, belonging to Mr. Peter Burket who resides about two miles from this place, was discovered to be on fire. By the time the horses could be got out, the whole building was enveloped in flames. There was a large amount of grain unthreshed, a great deal of hay, gears, etc. etc., besides a new carriage, which belonged to G. W. Patton, Esqr. of Altoona, all consumed. It is either thought to have been the work of an incendiary or the accident of a thief, who was perhaps stealing chickens at the time—the latter supposition Col. Burket thinks the correct one. The loss is estimated at between $2500 and $3000—two thirds of which were covered by insurance.

We have winter here in all its reality. There seems to be a hard conflict between Sol and old Boreas, the latter thus far has *blasted* all the efforts of the former in trying to make his *strokes* be felt through the thin garments which envelops mother Earth. The merry lads and lasses here are making good use of the present snow. Did I say "lasses?" I should not have done so; the "lads" get all the sleigh and sled rides, and the "lasses" stay at home or go by "Walker's Express." Fact. Fast place this—beats "Alpha's" all hollow

The interest which "Alpha" feels for my welfare is duly appreciated, coming, as it does, from one who has passed through the fiery ordeal unscathed. I'm keeping a look out.

STANS.

Letter from Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15, 1857.

Dear Tribune:—When I have time, nothing affords me greater pleasure, than to sit down and scratch off, for your especial benefit, a few of the passing events in our usually quiet city. For a short period back, your spirited and highly interesting sheet has not been encumbered with any of my productions, on account of my time being too much occupied with other duties. To-night I once more take up my pen, to inform you of what I have seen and heard during the last week.

The greatest joke of the season, is one that was played on a young man last week. The young man in question, it seems, at a social gathering, allowed his anger to get the better of his judgment, instead of drowning it in the wine, which the good lady of the house had set before him. Determined to gratify it at all hazards, he dashed the contents of his glass full in the face of one of Pennsylvania's sturdy sons, who, it seems, had "cut him out" of the affections of some fair damsel. To make a long story short, a challenge to mortal combat was the result. The time set—the morrow; the place—the banks of the Schuylkill. The seconds chosen being men of great wisdom and discernment, concluded, that in the crisis towards which our country is hastening, (the Utah War) the recruiting sergeant would soon be in our midst, and that it would be a pity that two such valiant men should be lost to their country. In order that they might be preserved, they placed in one pistol a th mble-full of powder, and in the other a piece of the last edition of the *Ledger*, as it was likely to be the weakest and least dangerous missile. After apprising the party who held the empty pistol, of the part he was to perform in the tragedy, the principals took their places. At the signal they fired. Both were safe, of course; but the one who had the empty pistol, staggered and fell on the ground face foremost. His antagonist fled for parts unknown, a note which he left behind, stating that he had gone to Europe. Thus ends the chapter.

The value of Steam Fire Engines is beginning to be appreciated by the public. An enterprising company, the Philadelphia Hose, had a steam fire engine built for them last Fall. At first they met with a great deal of opposition, but the good service they have rendered, has gained them hosts of friends. So much so that I understand that several other companies are about getting similar machines. These engines are drawn to the fires by horses. In twenty minutes they can raise the steam, so that they are generally ready for use as soon as they arrive on the ground. Our firemen find it so much pleasanter, to run behind their engine when drawn by horses, than before, when drawing it themselves, and then when she is once in working order, her efficiency is gratifying to every beholder, and the subject of many boastful remarks by the proud members of the company. As soon as steam fire engines become the order of the day, all that is necessary to make the fire department perfect, is to pay the members for their labors. Then we will be freed from the rowdy crew, who are the hangers-on to all our fire companies. We are progressing towards a perfect Fire Department by degrees. The steam fire engine is the longest step in that direction that we have taken for some time.

The change in the weather has made glad the members of our many fire companies. We have already had sufficient cold weather to make ice thick enough for gathering. The unparalleled mild Winter we have had raised serious doubts in the minds of all, whether we were to be blessed with a crop of ice from our neighboring waters. Some of our speculators went so far as to engage supplies from the East at exhorbitant rates.

I am glad to see that you have made so decided a stand on the cash system, I have no doubt but that you have an appreciative set of subscribers, who will sustain you in your efforts. To all honorable and right thinking men, the course that you are at present pursuing will afford no cause of censure. The dishonest, of course, will ridicule you, as their only object is to derive benefit and enjoyment from reading your paper, without giving you any return. Once free from them, let their ridicule only serve as an incentive to increased effort, that your paper may continue to rank first among our country journals. SIGMA.

WOODLAND CREAM,"—*A Pomade for beautifying the Hair*—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes the dandruff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed

FETRIDGE & CO. Proprietors of the
"Balm of a Thousand Flowers."

For sale by all Druggists.

☞ When Du Vall's Galvanic Oil was first introduced into the market, it never was thought of being applied, by the proprietor, to Lung disease, but its being applicable to almost every other disease, the afflicted have used this preparation in Consumption, and, although it has never cured a purely consumptive patient, yet it has saved many who have been prone to the disease from an early grave.

OUR BLACK LIST.

I PAID THE PRINTER! Ha! Ha!

I AM SORRY I DIDN'T I

CAREFULLY COMPILED BY THE EDITORS!

COMMENTS BY "SLEM!"

Published for the protection of our brethren of the Press and the Public generally.

SWAYED NEITHER BY FEAR, FAVOR, NOR AFFECTION, WE SHALL SPEAK OF MEN AS WE FIND THEM.

The following named individuals have "victimized" us to the tune of the amounts set opposite to their names.—Our brethren of the Press and the Public generally will do well to be on their guard while dealing with them. He who would cheat the printer would scruple at nothing.

MOSES DOUTY, ESQUIRE, $6 75.
Cheating us out of the above sang sum, affords a fair specimen of the manner in which Moses dispenses justice, and how well *qualified* he was to discharge the duties of his office. After *impairing the eye-sight* of quite a number of our citizens, he "sloped" for Baltimore, leaving a host of friends to mourn their *loss*. We commend him to the "Plug Uglies," "Rip Raps," &c., as a fit recruit for their ranks.

E. A. C. DOUTY, $1 00.
This lazy puppy is a chip of the old block," who exemplifies the truth of the old adages "like daddy like child," and "what is bred in the bone won't come out of the flesh." He also has "sloped" to the more congenial atmosphere of Baltimore. Good riddance to bad rubbish."

Dr. W. E. HOFF, Syracuse, N. Y., $1 50.
This impudent *quack* added us to the above time for advertising. He is an arrant knave, who, making his living by means of the Press, is mean enough to cheat printers. We hop, when sick, he may be quacked to death by some brother quack.

Rev. W. S. H. KEYS, Tyrone, Pa., $2 00.
This political parson, who sports the "cat-brick" extensively, owes us the above sum for printing Notices to K. N. Councils, stating his terms for lecturing before them. We should think that his "Intense Americanism" should lead him to pay his honest debts. We hand him over to the tender mercy of his conscience—if he has any—if not, to that of his friend and prototype ———.

L. PALMER & Co., Travelling Opticians, $1 50.
The above firm was composed of a couple of precious rascals, as "dutch as sour crout," who passed themselves off as opticians. Whether they were or not we don't know, but we do know, that instead of improving the sight of our "peepers," they effectually "closed them up."

CUMMINGS & Co., Travelling Ambrotypists, $1 25.
This is another pair of contemptible knaves. Their skill was strikingly exemplified in our sad experience, they having left an indelible *impression* on our memory, that we were the victims of misplaced confidence.

RICHARD WHITE, $4 00.
This falsely-named *gent* has left town without settling up with us, thus leaving a *black* record against him on our books, and getting his name on our *black* list. It is not the only *black* act he has been guilty of.

A. CLARKE, $1 50.
We suppose this gent had not time to settle this small bill before leaving, as he left town about a hundred yards ahead of the constable, making 2,40 time.

J GLUNT, $2 50.
Pressing business compelled this gent to leave town in a hurry. This doubtless accounts for his *forgetfulness*.

G. W. TRYON, $2 50.
This gent *tried us on* to the above tune, and then put us off by absquatulating without paying.

THOS. LEE, JR., left town owing us		$2 50.
LANE & WAGNER	do.	4 25.
DANIELS W. GARDNER,	do.	2 50.
L. KARG,	do.	3 00.
A. J. ANDERSON,	do.	1 00.

☞ The above is only the first chapter of our "Life Pictures." We have ample material for a dozen more, which will appear in due time.

"I GUESS YOU CAN COME IN FOR A CHANCE."—Some good lady at the outset of Universalism conceived a holy horror for its believers who contended that all would be saved. She kept a boarding house, and applied a test of belief to all who sought to obtain board. The first who offered was a sea captain, and she began with—

"Do you believe that all the world will be saved?"

"No, Madame," said he.

"How many do you think will be damned?" continued she.

"Oh!" replied he, "I don't know—perhaps a million."

"Well," the old lady remarked "that's better than none at all, I guess you can come in for a chance."

A few days afterwards another old codger made application. The same test was applied to him

"How many do you think will be saved?"

"Not a d——d one!" replied the old fellow.

"Oh, I guess you can come in free," exclaimed the old woman delighted. We have quoted this story to correct it. The reply of the "old codger" was made to a skeptic, not in religion, but in lotteries. The former had drawn a capital prize in S. Swan & Co's legalized lottery, and being asked how many blanks he thought was in it, he replied, "Not a —— one."—S. Swan & Co's lotteries draw every Saturday at Augusta, Ga.

☞ There are plenty of young gentlemen as well as plenty of old ones, whose beards are turning grey, which gives the former a great deal of uneasiness, and exposes the age of the latter. To avoid these little perplexities we advise such of our readers to use Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, which will, in the course of a few weeks, change the hair to its natural color. It does not dye the hair like the most of the hair restoratives, but produces a gradual change of color from the roots of the hair to the final end, and gives it a fine and glossy appearance. We have seen many persons who have used it successfully, and pronounced it the only invention which has come up to their idea of a "cure for grey heads." We commenced using it about two months since, and if we are any judge of age and beauty, it has made us at least ten years younger; in fact we are beginning to look quite young, and feel very much like getting a young wife. The change is miraculous, and it would be as difficult to find a grey hair now as it would be to find an idea in the head of the Duke of Buckingham. We know several old maids and some young widows, whose locks are just beginning to assume a silvery hue, and who have been talking seriously about resorting to this remedy, and we advise them not to delay any longer. It never fails.—*St. Louis Herald.*

CARD.—The Principal of the Merchants' College of Pittsburgh, respectfully intimates to the pupils and the emissaries of the Iron City College, that when they call and introduce themselves as such, he and his assistants will be at all times happy to show them the establishment; but when they come as spies for Jenkins & Co., pretending to be strangers, in the company of strangers, calling upon us on private business; he would suggest that they would be serving the cause of morality by teaching their teachers a manly and dignified lesson in commercial honor by refusing to perform a species of service for them and their college, held in universal scorn and contempt by all honorable men.

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be on the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill and Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street, above sixth. Gentleman and youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
ALTOONA TRIBUNE.
FOR 1858.

THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED!

The Cheapest Paper in the County!

With the present number, the *Tribune* has entered upon its third volume. Commenced at a time when the confidence of the citizens of Altoona in newspapers and newspaper publishers was considerably shaken, if not totally annihilated, it has slowly but surely restored that confidence, and now stands upon a sure foundation, and is universally acknowledged to be one of the fixed institutions of our town. But this result has not been achieved without a hard struggle, and considerable expenditure of time and means on the part of its editors. The steady increase of patronage, however, has afforded indubitable evidence that their labors have been appciated.

In entering upon the new volume it is almost unnecessary to say that the *Tribune* will continue to be "INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING," being biassed neither by fear, favor nor affection, in favor of parties or sects. In this respect it is only necessary to say that the past affords a fair index as to our future course.

It has always been our aim to make the *Tribune*, a reliable first-class LOCAL PAPER, as we believe that in that character alone, country papers can successfully compete with their flashy city neighbors. To this end we have secured correspondents in various parts of the county, who furnish us with all the items of local interest in their vicinity. We purpose adding others to our list as soon as we can obtain them. During the next year we shall redouble our efforts to make the *Tribune* a perfect compendium of HOME NEWS—A RELIABLE, FIRST-CLASS LOCAL PAPER, second to none in the country, and as such a welcome weekly visitor to our patrons, whether at home or abroad.

But while the Local Department shall be our special care, we shall also devote a considerable space to LITERARY MATTER, FUN AND HUMOR, and the chronicling of events of general interest to our readers. We purpose also publishing from time to time "Original Sketches of Men and Things" which will be furnished by our contributors. We have made arrangements also to have a weekly letter from Philadelphia, and judging from the reputation our correspondent sustains as a popular writer, these letters will be a rich treat to our readers.

As we are decidedly journalists of the progressive school, we have concluded to adopt the cash system in our business. The neglect of quite a number of our patrons to pay up promptly, and the rascality of others, has compelled us to adopt this course. Time and experience has fully proved to our satisfaction that the credit system will not work with newspaper publishers. From this date no paper will be sent from this office, unless paid for in advance, and at the expiration of the time paid for, if not renewed, will be promptly stopped. This arrangement does no injustice to our patrons, while it will protect us from the impositions of soulless scoundrels, and enable us to devote more attention to our paper.

Recoguizing, the principle that contracts to be satisfactory should be fraught with mutual benefit to both parties, and as money in large amounts, *in advance*, is of more value to us than when received in driblets, as an inducement to numbers who would otherwise discontinue, as well as to those who have never yet taken the paper, we offer it at the following low rates for the coming year:

1 copy, one year		$1 50
10 copies	" ($1.25 per copy)	12 50
20 "	" ($1.00 per copy)	20 00

and all above 20 at the same rate—$1 per copy.

The money must, *in all cases*, accompany the order.

By the above it will be seen that our paper is emphatically the cheapest in the county.—As to its merits we leave in to the public to decide. We earnestly request our friends throughout the county to "give as a lift," as we have no doubt each of them can readily obtain a club in their neighborhood.

CANVASSER'S WANTED.—Several energetic business men wanted to canvass the county for subscribers to the *Tribune*. A liberal per-centage will be allowed.

☞ The most skeptical people can be convinced by trial that all the family medicines are not humbug, and that among the thousand of butterfly life there are a few of great merit and undoubted worth. Of these, Dr. Sandford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy stands first and foremost among the remedies of the day that can be relied on as a medicine that is all it is recommended by its proprietors. It advertises itself on every trial, for there are none who use it but tell their friends to do so, and so it goes from mouth to mouth till all the people of the Union have learned the good of this truly valuable medicine. It is recommended with testimonials to prove its virtue for the cure of liver complaints of every kind, from the worst Dyspepsia to a common headache, and is particularly adapted to Jaundice, Deranged Stomach, Bowel Complaints and diseases of children.

One or two doses are said to cure a cold with scarce a failure. It is worth a trial for this alone. It is particularly adapted to the use of ladies, particularly those of sedentary habits.—Some ladies of the highest standing in society have given their certificates of its efficacy, and we say to all who are ailing, try one bottle, and you will never be without it.

The stated Councils of

the "WINNESHAGO TRIBE," No. 33, I. O. R. M., are held every Wednesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7th ran 30th breath
June 25, '57-1y] A. EBERLE, *C. of R.*

Time of the Closing and

Arrival of Mails at Altoona Post Office.

MAILS CLOSE.	
Eastern Way at	1 00 P. M.
Western " "	8 00 A. M.
Eastern Through Mail	8 30 "
MAILS ARRIVE.	
Eastern Through Mail	9 35 A. M.
Western Way and Hollidaysburg,	7 40 P. M.
Eastern " "	7 15 "

Hollidaysburg mails close at 1,00 P. M. and 6,45 P. M., and arrive at 1,15 P. M. and 7,30 P. M.
June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

Time of Arrival and De-

parture of trains running on the Penn'a. Railroad, at Altoona station.

Express Train	East	arrives	2,48 A. M.,	leaves	2,55 A. M.
" "	West	"	8,35 "	"	8,55 "
Fast "	East	"	1,40 P. M.	"	2,00 P. M.
" "	West	"	11,00 "	"	11,10 "

ALTOONA WAY TRAIN leaves Altoona for Philadelphia at 6,00 A. M., and returning arrives at Altoona at 7,15 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express train West. Altoona Way Train East and West and with Fast Mail Train East

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Fast Mail Train East.
Dec. 21, '56-tf] THOS. A. SCOTT, Sup't.

A CARD—TO THE LADIES.

—DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FRENCH PILLS *are infallible in removing stoppages and irregularities of the system.* These Pills are nothing new but have been used by the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public, for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities of whatever nature, as well as to prevent pregnancy to to those ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family.—Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while pregnant, as the Proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition altho' their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise these Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by G. W. KESSLER, General Agent for Altoona and vicinity. He will supply dealers at manufacturers prices, and send the Pills to ladies (confidentially) by return mail on receipt of $1 through the Altoona Post Office.

Each box has my signature, J. DUPONCO, New York. Samuel Keeler, general agent for Tyrone City. [1y*

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED, and in these "hard times," it is desirable to know where to go in order to save money in purchasing

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES OR PROVISIONS.

By way of information,

LOWTHER & McDOWELL,

OF THE

Cheap Corner,

would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona, that they have just received their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which they will sell at prices to suit customers in this time of Panic and that defy competition.

Our stock consists, in part, of Silks, French and Printed Merinos, Plain and Printed Cashmeres, Ombre Striped Empress, Delains, Duccis, Coburgs, Utah and Woolen Plaids, Mollsand Brocha Shawls, Chenile Shawls and Scarfs, Cloaks, Mantillas, Velvets, Velvet Ribbons, &c.

Zephyr Goods, consisting of Mantillas and Hoods for ladies, misses and children, Victorinos, &c. Our stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Linens, Sheetings, Pillow Linens, Table Linens, Napkins, Drilling Crashes, Tickings Flannels of all colors, Carpets, Matting, Stair Cloth, Oil Cloths, &c., is unusually large. Our stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &C.

for Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children, is not surpassed in variety or cheapness in the town. Our

STOCK OF GROCERIES

are the best that could be procued in the Eastern market.

We have also Flour, Potatoes, Meat and many other articles not herein enumerated.

Be sure and drop in and examine our stock, and we will make it an object to purchase. [Oct. 29-tf.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, affected with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

To all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self Abuse, &c., &c.*

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual Diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give Medical advice *gratis*, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, *to furnish medicine free of charge*. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published by the Association, a Report on Sperma torrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), *free of charge*, on the receipt of *two* postage stamps for postage.

Address, for Report or Treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres't.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Sec'y.* [Dec. 3-1y.

THE CRISIS HAS ARRIVED, and everywhere Banks, Brokers and Business men are suspending or breaking up, under the overwhelming pressure. Credit is destroyed and Enterprise is paralyzed. But amid all the hubbub and confusion incident upon such a state of affairs, we beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Philadelphia with one of the largest, best selected and cheapest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

ever brought to town. Our stock consists, in part, of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Shawls, Delaines, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Ribbons, &c., &c., in great variety.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirtings, Cottonades, Silk and Merino Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings, Ladies Gaiters, Slippers and Shoes, Gents Gaiters, Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Umbrellas, Tickings, and every variety of Dry Goods in common use.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have bought our assortment at such prices that we *cannot* be undersold by any establishment in the county.

J. B. HILEMAN.
Oct. 15-tf]

JOHN BRYAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES & LIQUORS,

AND

RECTIFYING DISTILLERS,

No. 155 Liberty St., Pittsburg, P.

The subscribers would respectfully inform their old customers and the public generally, that they have on hand and are receiving direct from the Importers, a large supply of the very choicest brands of Liquors. Among their large assortment may be found—Wines, Brandies, Gin, Cordials, Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix and New England Rum, Champagne, Irish, Scotch, Bourbon Old Monongahela and Rectified Whiskey; Peach, Wild Cherry, Blackberry, Strawberry and Raspberry Brandies. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly attended to. Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to call upon us, as we are determined to sell nothing but the very best.

February 20, 1857-1y.

THE SHOALS AND QUICKSANDS OF YOUTH.

JUST PUBLISHED, THE THIRD EDITION. On Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Diseases. A scientific Treatise on the Nature and perfect cure of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Impotence, &c., resulting from vicious habits acquired during the critical passage from Youth to Manhood.

BY DR. CULVERWELL,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England. (1827.)

Licentiate of the Hall (1824,) and 30 years Resident Practitioner in London; Author of the "Guide to Health." "Green Book," "How to be Happy," "Memoirs of Single and Married Life," &c.

This small, but highly valuable Treatise, written by a world renowned Physician and Surgeon, points out the only sure and permanent cure for all diseases resulting from self abuse, and is the only publication of its kind written in a benevolent spirit and by a scientific man. It should be in the hands of all who value their life and health and happiness here and hereafter.

Price 12 cents, or 3 stamps, on the receipt of which it will be sent, post free, and well secured, by Dr. CH. KLINE, No. 420 1st Avenue, box 4586, New York.

COMPETITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE.—Fully convinced of the truth of this saying, the subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he has entered the field, by opening a

MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in the room heretofore occupied by Michael Gallagher, immediately opposite the Superintendent's Office, where he will carry on the business as usual. He has just received an excellent assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

suitable for working and dress suits, which he will make to order, on short notice and at prices which can not fail to satisfy. He has also received the LATEST STYLES of

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS,

and feels confident that he can satisfy the most fastidious in this particular, and his clothing will be made as well as clothing can be made. In fine, he is determined that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

Altoona, Nov. 5-tf.] JOHN TALDOT.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS AND LIVERY MEN.

BRADY'S ARABIAN HORSE OINTMENT is the only medicine in use that will effectually cure Ringbone, Sparvin and Splint. It is not claimed for this Ointment, as it is for nearly all other medicines of the day, that it will cure all diseases which horse or man are heir to, but only to cure the above named diseases when used according to directions. Ringbone, Sparvin and Splint are diseases of precisely similar character, consequently a medicine which will benefit or cure one is adapted to the other. This Ointment penetrates the horses skin, reaches and converts the callous into matter, and the diseased lump is then discharged in the form of pus or matter through the skin, without removing the hair, if put on according to directions. It has been sold by those who have used the Ointment, that it will cure the Poll-Evil and Farcy. It is certain, however, that it will cure or remove any callous lumps from a horse, wherever located. Try it, and if after using it a week, according to directions, you are not satisfied as to its efficacy, return the box to the agent and he will refund the money. Price $1.00 per box.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona. [Jan. 14-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION

which now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to D. Berry's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.

September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

Altoona, October 1, 1857-1y.

EGGS, BUTTER & ALL kinds of country produce can be had at

June 18, '57-tf HENRY LEHR'S.

RAILROAD CITY LITERARY EMPORIUM, No. 1, ALTOONA HOUSE, ALTOONA.

The following Publications are constantly received and for sale at this establishment, at Publisher's prices.

DAILIES.

PHILADELPHIA.—*Public Ledger, Daily Press, Daily Morning Times, Evening Journal, Evening Bulletin and Evening Argus.*

NEW YORK—*Herald, Tribune and Times.*

BALTIMORE—*Daily Sun.* PITTSBURG—*Daily Dispatch.*

WEEKLIES.

PHILADELPHIA—*Saturday Evening Post, The Press, Sunday Transcript, Sunday Dispatch, Sunday Mercury and Dollar Newspaper.*

NEW YORK—*N. Y. Ledger, N. Y. Leader, Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, Scientific American, Irish American, Irish Vindicator, Irish News, Life Illustrated, N. Y. Clipper, National Police Gazette, Magistrate.*

BOSTON—*Ballou's Pictorial, Waverly Magazine, Flag of Our Union, True Flag, American Union, Parlor Casket, Spiritual Telegraph, Boston Pilot &c.*

MONTHLIES.

Frank Leslie's Monthly Pictorial, Harper's Magazine, Leslie's New York Journal, Putnam's Magazine, Knickerbocker Magazine, United States Magazine, Chamber's Journal, Graham's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Ladies Illustrated Miscellany, Mrs. Stephen's New Monthly, Yankee Notions, Nic Nax, Dinsmore's and Appleton's Railroad Guides.

To the above will be added all the new publications as they appear.

I flatter myself that I present as great a variety of literature in the above list, as can be found in any establishment outside of the large cities.

STATIONERY.—I keep constantly on hand a great variety of Stationary, such as Bill, Cap, Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Slates, &c.

SCHOOL BOOKS—I have and shall constantly keep on hand a variety of School Books, such as are used in this and surrounding districts. Any book I may not have I will get on short notice.

FISHER & BROTHER'S PUBLICATIONS—The stock from this House consists of Children's Toy Books, in great variety too numerous to mention; Dream and Fortune Telling Books, Comic and Song Books, Ready Reckoners, Letter Writers, Cook Books, Conversation Cards, Playing Cards, Snake and other Games, &c.

PICTURES—I keep constantly on hand a great variety of Pictures and Lithographs either with or without frames—I have just received a beautiful variety of large Pictures, to which I would call the attention of every one, as they must be seen to be appreciated. These pictures can be had either in gilt or mahogany frames to suit circumstances. I am now prepared to frame pictures of all sizes, in gilt moulding, for parties who may have them on hand and wish them framed.

TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES—Such as Dolls, Gum Balls, Whistles, Jewsharps, Marbles, Tops, Hoops, Jumping Ropes, Dominoes, Dice, Checker-Boards, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO—I keep constantly on hand a supply of the very best Havana and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco, from the old and popular establishment of S. W. Ayers, South Third street, Philadelphia.

Fishing Tackle of every description constantly on hand.

I am sole agent in this place for Dr. Rohn's German Compound Ointment, a Salve that has never been known to fail in curing any sore whatever. Try it.

BOOKS AND NOTIONS OF EVERY VARIETY.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me hitherto, by the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, I hope by strict attention to business and an accommodating disposition to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Jan. 23, '57-tf] H. FETTINGER, *Proprietor.*

AGENTS, ATTENTION!—DO YOU wish to find good employment, and make money with little or no investment, and without interfering with your regular business? If you do, read this advertisement. C. E. TODD & Co., of 392 Broome Street, New York, are manufacturing and selling massive gold Pencils for $5 each, which are cheap at that price, and they throw in a gift of Prize with each Pencil, worth from $2 up to $5, $10, $15, $20, $25, $50, $75, $100, $200, $500. Don't cry out, "Humbug! Lottery!". It's no such thing. The Pencils are sold at their cash wholesale prices, and all the profits over the first cost are thrown into the gifts, which actually cost the purchaser nothing. The prizes are distributed on a single plan of drawing, which would take too much room to explain, but which has never failed to give complete satisfaction. We have drawn and sent to purchasers 153 gold watches of various prices, 74 purses of gold dollars, 238 gold lockets, 850 gold chains, and a corresponding number of other prizes, within two months.

THERE ARE NO BLANKS,

but every purchaser draws a prize worth $2 certain, and it stands thousands of chances to be a higher figure.

We want a good agent in every neighborhood throughout the country, to solicit purchasers, and any agent, to be successful, must have a Pencil and prize to exhibit. We pay agents $1 each for each purchaser they obtain, and the first person in any neighborhood who applies for a Pencil and gift, will receive the agency for that locality. Should an agent obtain a valuable prize to exhibit with his Pencil, he would have little difficulty in obtaining scores of purchasers, and making it a paying business.

A NEW IDEA! READ! READ!!

We ask nobody to send their money till they know what prize they draw. Any person wishing to try their luck, can first send us their name and address, and we will make their drawing and inform them by return mail what prize they drew, when they can send on and take the Pencil and prize, or not, whichever they choose. We give this privilege only once to a purchaser. After the first drawing, every purchaser will be required to send in advance, through the authorized agent. We will send with each drawing the number taken out, with full description of the plan of drawing. Address, C. E. TODD & Co.,

392 Broome Street, New York.

ALTOONA SAVING FUND.—JESSE SMITH would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the public generally that he has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Which he purchased at low prices for cash and will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at but a small advance on the original cost. His stock comprises HATS and CAPS of every description, size and shape. All who are in want of anything in his line will do well to give him a call, as he feels confident he can suit the most fastidious, in quality and price.

He has now on hand a beautiful stock of LADIES FUR CAPES, CUFFS, &c., to which he invites the attention of the ladies, and also gentlemen who wish to make their wives a handsome and useful present.

He is always ready and willing to exhibit his stock *free of charge*, so that none need fear to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember that his store is on Virginia street, directly opposite the Lutheran Church. [Oct. 15-tf.

STOVES! STOVES!!—The undersigned has for sale, at his Store on Main Street, a large assortment of

GALLAHER'S SUNRISE AIRTIGHT

Cooking Stove, a new and splendid Large Oven, Flat Top Stove, for Coal or Wood patented 1856.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agt.*

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Sept. 11, '56-tf.

Pennsylvania House,

Patterson, Juniata County, Pa.,

SCOTT, REYNOLDS & CO., *Proprietors,*

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS and the travelling public generally, that they have taken the above well-known house, where they will be happy to wait upon all who may favor them with a call. Its convenience to the depot renders it a desirable stopping place or those who wish to get on or off the cars, also for travelers wishing to get meals at *moderate charges*—25 cents.

may27-tf.]

Bell, Johnson, Jack & Co.,

BANKERS,

OFFICES AT

Hollidaysburg and Altoona.

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL CITIES, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest or upon time, with interest, at fair rates. [3-tf

J. D. LEET,

Attorney-at-Law,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.,

Will practise in the several Courts of Blair, Huntingdon and Cambria counties, and attend promptly to all collection entrusted to him. Office (for the present) at his residence, corner Allegheny and Penn streets, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [2-8tf

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

LYCOMING MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

WM. S. BITTNER,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Office with Dr. Hirst, on Annie Street, one door West of the Masonic Temple. [Oct. 15-tf.

WE STUDY TO PLEASE. ENCOURAGE HOME MECHANICS.

PETER REED & CO.,

1857. 1857.

CABINET & CHAIR MAKERS & UNDERTAKERS

ADELINE ST., EAST ALTOONA.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA and vicinity, that they have now on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of Cabinet Ware, such as Plain, Fancy and Dressing Bureaus, Toilet Stands, Bedsteads, Stands, Sofas, &c.

☞ COFFINS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORTEST NOTICE ☜

They will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY AND KANE SEAT CHAIRS,

for Parlors, Chambers, Dining-Rooms and Bar-Rooms,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL ROCKING CHAIRS,

Settees, and everything in this line.

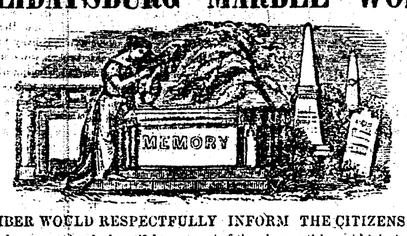
ALSO—A large and excellent assortment of

STRAW AND HUSK MATTRESSES,

from $3.50 and upwards. Orders from the country or a distance promptly attended to and all work warranted. We invite an inspection of our stock, feeling sure that we will be able to give entire satisfaction. [19-tf

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.

Monuments, Enclosures, & Head and Foot Stones.



Italian & White Rutland Marble.

Tombs,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA & vicinity, that he has now on hand a beautiful assortment of the above articles, which he is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice and at moderate prices. Persons wanting Grave Stones will please forward their orders by mail or call in person at our Marble Works, on Montgomery street, near the Diamond, Hollidaysburg. None but the best workmen employed, and all work warranted to give general satisfaction. [August 6, 1857.] A. W. KENNEY.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE. *Chartered* 1855.

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Board of 12 Teachers.—Faculty of 8 Teachers.

EMPHATICALLY THE BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE.

Largest and most complete Commercial College in the United States.

In daily attendance upwards of 200 Students,

FACULTY:

P. W. JENKINS, PRINCIPAL.

J. C. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Accounts & Book-keeping.

I. I. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculations.

PROF. JENKINS, Author of the "National System of Book-keeping," Lecturer on Business, its Customs and Usages

J. W. BENTLINGER, Professor of Arithmetic, Book-keeping and Phonography.

A. COWLEY and A. T. BUTHLETT, Professors of Pen and Ornamental Penmanship.

D. BAGON, Lecturer on Political Economy.

JAMES H. HOPKINS, Esq., of the Pittsburgh Bar, Lecturer on Commercial Law.

JAMES W. KENNEDY, of "Kennedy's Bank Note Review," Lecturer on Counterfeit, Altered and Spurious Bank Notes.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION.

To furnish the best means for acquiring a THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION, in the shortest time and at the least expense, consistent with good instruction in

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

as applied to Merchandising, Banking, Railroading, &c.

STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING,

With all the recent improvements, taught without extra charge.

PENMANSHIP.

Rapid Writing, with every variety and style of Business and Ornamental Penmanship.

ARITHMETIC.

And a thorough course of Counting House Calculations.

COUNTERFEIT AND ALTERED NOTES.

Full instructions given in this important branch of business education.

LECTURES DAILY, ON BOOK-KEEPING,

Usages, Laws and Customs of Commerce, Finance and Banking, Political Economy, Counterfeit Notes, and other subjects having practical relation to active business.

TERMS, &c.

Book-keeping, Full Commercial Course, $25.00

Stationary, about 5.00

Board per week can be obtained for 2.50

☞ Students are not charged extra for Steamboat Book-keeping, Arithmetic or Diploma. ☜

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time—no vacation—revise at pleasure—time unlimited—usual length of course from eight to twelve weeks.

REFERENCE.

Four hundred and eighty-seven students entering from the City alone within one year besides the many from the country.

DIRECTIONS.

Specimens of Writing and Circulars, containing full information, sent by mail free of charge.

Address P. W. JENKINS,

Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—No less than EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS were awarded this College in the fall of 1857, over all competitors, for best writing. These, with other previous Premiums, were given in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Virginia, Kentucky, Louisville, Ky., at the United States Fair, and all for work actually done with PEN and INK, and not for *Engraved* Penmanship. Our Penmen are fully competent to do their own work without the *aid* of the engraver to make it respectable. [aug.27-1y

G. W. KESSLER, PRACtical Druggist, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

BAILY & BROTHER

Having removed to their New Store,

No. 920 CHESTNUT STREET,

between Ninth and Tenth, Philadelphia, are now opening a splendid stock of

CARPETINGS,

embracing every variety of *English, Tapestry, Velvet, Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain and Venetians.* Also

AMERICAN CARPETS,

of their own manufacture, which they warrant to be equal to any goods made in this country. Floor Oil Cloths, of every variety of style and width. Canton Mattings, Cocoa Mats, Rugs, Druggets, &c., &c. [Feb. 26, 1y.

LIME! LIME! LIME!—The subscriber has now in operation three large Limekilns, producing daily a large quantity of the BEST WHITE LIME—*superior to any Lime burned in the interior of the State*—which he will sell at the Kilns, or deliver by the car or wagon load in Altoona and vicinity, and at all points on the Pennsylvania and Portage Railroads, at lower prices than it can be furnished by any other person. Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to by addressing a note by mail to JAS. FUNK,

may5-1y] Duncansville, Blair Co., Pa.

BOOTS AND SHOES!—THE undersigned has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order. Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in the line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

Jan. 2, '56-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

CONVEYANCING.—All kinds of writing done at the shortest notice.—Deeds, Mortgages, &c., executed in the neatest manner by

JOHN SHOEMAKER,

Jan. 3, 1857-tf.] Masonic Temple, Altoona.

CAST IRON RAILING and all kinds of Castings executed to order, also Tin Spouting put up to order, at shortest notice, apply to

J. SHOEMAKER, *Agent for*

Jan. 3, 1856-tf. McLANAHAN, WATSON & Co.

O YES! O YES!—GENtlemen draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2, '56.

FLOUR.—THE BEST quality of FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail. Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,

Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

PURE WHITE LEAD & Zinc Paint also Chrome Green, Yellow, Paris Green, Dry or ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

HARDWARE OF ALL descriptions just received and for sale by

Dec. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

HAM, SIDE, SHOULder, Dried Beef, &c., always on hand at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

Of all diseases, the great first cause Springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

SUFFER NOT; WHEN A CURE IS GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES OF

SECRET DISEASE;

Self-Abuse, Nervous Debility, Strictures, Gleets, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ankles, Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Eyes, Ulcers upon the Body or Limbs Cancers Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus's Dance, and all diseases arising from a derangement of the Sexual Organs, such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, General Weakness, Dimness of Vision with peculiar spots appearing before the Eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Eruptions on the face, Pains in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities, and

ALL IMPROPER DISCHARGES FROM BOTH SEXES.

It matters not from what cause the disease originated, however long standing or obstinate the case, *recovery is certain*, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure can be effected by any other treatment, even after the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians and resisted all their means of cure. The medicines are pleasant without odor, causing no sickness and free from mercury or balsam. During twenty years of practice, I have rescued from the jaws of Death many thousands, who in the last stages of the above mentioned diseases, had been given up to die by their physicians, which warrants me in promising to the afflicted, who may place themselves under my care, a perfect and most speedy cure. Secret diseases are the greatest enemies to health, as they are the first cause of Consumption, Scrofula and many other diseases, and should be a terror to the human family. As a permanent cure is scarcely ever effected, a majority of the cases falling into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the system with mercury, which, with the disease, fastens the sufferer into a rapid Consumption.

But should the disease and the treatment not cause death speedily, and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon the children, who are born with feeble constitutions, and the current of life corrupted by a virus which betrays itself in Scrofula, Tetter, Ulcers, Eruptions and other affections of the skin, Eyes, Throat, and Lungs, entailing upon them a brief existence of suffering, and consigning them to an early grave.

SELF-ABUSE is another formidable enemy to health, for nothing stands in the dread catalogue of human diseases can so destructive a drain upon the system, drawing its thousands of victims, through a few years of suffering down to an untimely grave. It destroys the Nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of life, causes mental derangement, prevents the proper development of the system, disqualifies for marriage, society, business, and all earthly happiness, and leaves the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, predisposed to consumption and a train of evils more to be dreaded than death itself. With the fullest confidence I assure the unfortunate victims of Self-Abuse that a permanent and speedy cure can be effected, and with the abandonment of ruinous practices my patients can be restored to robust, vigorous health.

The afflicted are cautioned against the use of Patent Medicines, for there are so many ingenious snares in the columns of the public prints to entice and rob the unwary sufferers that millions have their constitutions ruined by the vile compounds of quack doctors, or the equally poisonous nostrums vended as "Patent Medicines." I have carefully analyzed many of the so called Patent Medicines and find that nearly all of them contain Corrosive Sublimate, which is one of the strongest preparations of mercury and a deadly poison, which instead of curing the disease disables the system for life.

These hordes of the patent nostrums now in use are put up by unprincipled and ignorant persons, who do not understand even the alphabet of the *materia medica*, and are equally as destitute of any knowledge of the human system, having one object only in view, and that to make money regardless of consequences.

Irregularities and all diseases of males and females treated on principles established by twenty years of practice, and sanctioned by thousands of the most remarkable cures. Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients enclosing them their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential. Address

J. SUMMERVILLE, M. D.,

Office No. 1131 Filbert St., (Old No. 109) Below Twelfth, Philadelphia. July 25, '57-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC.—18,787 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE. EL DORADO GIFT ASSOCIATION for the sale of $13,787 worth of Sewing Silk. Each purchaser of one dollar's worth of Sewing Silk will receive a numbered check, which will entitle the holder to one chance and a vote in the distribution of the following list of Valuable Property, to be distributed by a Committee, chosen by the shareholders, in such a manner as they may deem advisable and agree upon among themselves.

LIST OF PROPERTY.			
7 corner Lots on Washington street Altoona, £0 by 120 feet, valued at $184 each,			$1,288
17 lots on Washington st., 80x120 ft.,	$168 each,		2,856
8 cor. lots on Mulberry st., " "	156 "		1,248
19 lots on Mulberry st., " "	132 "		2,508
2 do. on High st., " "	63 "		126
1 cor. lot on German street, 80x175 ft.,	valued at		63
3 lots on German street, " "	$42 each		126
1 lot on Howard street, 80x133 feet,	valued at		132
1 cor. lot on Lexington st.,	"		189
2 lots on Chestnut street, " "	$131 each,		262
1 Gold Lever Watch, valued at			100
1 Horse, " "			167
1 Two-Horse Wagon, " "			42
1 Silver Lepine Watch " "			18
12 Coat Patterns and Trimmings, $10 each,			120
50 Pant and Vest patterns, at $4.40 each,			220
75 Articles or Parcels of Merchandize, $3.00 each,			225
100 " " "	2.00 "		200
150 " " "	1.00 "		150
500 " " "	75 "		375
2,000 " " "	50 "		1,000
3,000 " " "	30 "		900
4,000 " " "	25 "		1,000
3,855 " " "	20 "		777
13,787 Gifts, valued at			$13,787

The Real Estate in this Enterprise is handsomely situated in the flourishing town of Altoona. (Head-quarters of the Pa. Central R. R. Co.) which in a few years has grown as if by magic, its present population being over 5,000.

The above property will be delivered to the persons entitled to receive it immediately after the distribution.

An indisputable title to all the lots in the above bill will be given by R. H. McCORMICK.

The articles or parcels per bill, will consist of cloths, cassimeres, de laines, &c., &c.

My object is to dispose of the silk in the shortest possible time, and I desire everybody to purchase soon and become members of this *Magnificent Association.*

The silk will be sent to any part of the United States, with Certificate of Membership, (for each dollar's worth purchased,) on receipt of the cash.

Agents or clubs remitting $10 at one time, will receive in return $11 worth of silk and 11 certificates.

All orders must be addressed to JOSEPH MOIST,

June 10, 1856-tf.] *Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.*

All orders by mail, with postage stamp enclosed, promptly attended to.

E. P. MIDDLETON & BROTHER, *Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors*, return their thanks to their friends for the liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, at the OLD ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 5 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, where they have a large assortment of WINES and LIQUORS of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers upon the most reasonable terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle Brandies:

BRANDIES.

Otard, Hennessy, Marell, T Hines, Pellecorain, A. Seignette, &c., &c.	*Pinnett, Castillion, Martell, J. J. Depuy & Co.*

WINES.

Champagne. Old Oporto, Claret, Sherry, Lisbon, Port	*Burgundy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Hock, Muscat & Malaga Wines of various brands and qualities.*

Holland Gin, Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskeys; Peach, Apple, Lavender, Blackberry, Raspberry, Cherry and Ginger Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, an extensive stock of *OLD WHEAT, MONONGAHELA and BOURBON WHISKEYS* of various grades, some of which we guarantee to be superior to any in the country.

☞ From our long experience in the business, and thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us. Orders from the country (which are more respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.

Feb. 26-1y] E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY, just published, *gratis*, the 25th thousand.

A few words on the National treatment, or Self-Abuse without MEDICINE, is to this small tract clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting two postage stamps to Dr. DE LANEY, 17 Lispenard Street, New York. [Oct. 1 '57-1y.

FIGS, DATES, PRUNES, Citrons, and Currants in store and for sale by

March 12, '57-1y] 191 *North 3d Street, Philadelphia.*

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, Cream Nuts and Filberts in store and for sale by

W. N. SHUGARD,

March 12, '57-1y] 191 *North 3d street, Philadelphia.*

M. H. JOLLY.—ATTORney at Law, will practise in the several courts of Blair, Huntingdon and Cambria counties. [apr8-tf

GROCERIES.—A LARGE and complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

Consumption

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT

ARE POSITIVELY

Curable by Inhalation,

which conveys the remedies to the cavities of the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to make a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much quiet the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent. for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys nineteen-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect, produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inh